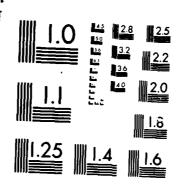
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COMMERCIALLY IMPORTANT MEROPLANKTON OF THE LOWER CHESAPEAKE BAY AND PROPOSED NORFOLK DISPOSAL SITE. I: BLUE CRABS, ROCK CRABS AND OYSTERS

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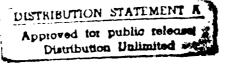
Arthur J. Butt Raymond W. Alden III and Robert J. Young

Supplemental Contract Report For the Period Ending September, 1984

Prepared for the Department of the Army Norfolk District, Corps of Engineers Fort Norfolk, 803 Front Street Norfolk, Virginia 23510

Under Contract DACW65-81-C-0051







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APPLIED MARINE RESEARCH LABORATORY OLD DOMINION UNIVERSITY NORFOLK, VIRGINIA

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Submitted by the Old Dominion University Research Foundation P.O. Box 6369
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January 1985

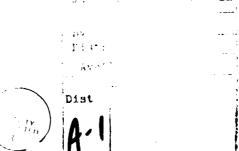
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# COMMERCIALLY IMPORTANT MEROPLANKTON OF THE LOWER CHESAPEAKE BAY AND PROPOSED NORFOLK DISPOSAL SITE. I: BLUE CRABS, ROCK CRABS AND OYSTERS

Ву

\*Arthur J. Butt, \*\*Raymond W. Alden III, and \*\*\*Robert J. Young

#### INTRODUCTION

Meroplankters are an essential component to the aquatic community structure. In Chesapeake Bay they are typified by larval forms belonging to many benthic and epibenthic species. These include mostly gastropod and pelecypod molluscs, polychaete annelids, decapod crustaceans and fishes. Several of the shellfish are of commercial importance such as oysters (Crassostrea virginica), blue crab (Callinectes sapidus), and possibly, the rock crab (Cancer irroratus).

A very important aspect to any coastal study is the relative abundance, diversity and distribution of such organisms and the impact that urbanization may have on commercially important forms. This impact is of particular interest in a port such as Hampton Roads where the economy is strongly influenced by aspects of commerce, defense and fisheries.

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The present study was designed to provide a descriptive evaluation of the population dynamics of commercially important invertebrate meroplankton of the Hampton Roads, lower Chesapeake Bay and proposed Norfolk Disposal Site (NDS). These invertebrate populations from representative stations in these regions were sampled with respect to age, abundance, and spatial and temporal distributions.

#### Blue Crabs and Rock Crabs

Two crab species with commercial importance are collected in or around Chesapeake Bay. The blue crab, <u>Callinectes sapidus</u> is the Bay's dominant fisheries crab. The 1983 dockside landings of this species exceeded \$11 million, representing one of Virginia's most important fisheries. The Chesapeake Bay industry alone produces between 40-50% of the total United States catch. This fishery is split into two types, based on season (winter vs. summer) and migration of the species. The other, less common, species is the rock crab, <u>Cancer irroratus</u>. Although its monetary value is difficult to estimate, its potential harvestable value warrants consideration. Because of the migratory life histories of these two species, the lower Chesapeake Bay and offshore regions along the Virginia coast are believed to be among the most important spawning and recruitment centers in the Mid-Atlantic Bight.

The biology, life history and distributions of the blue crab has been described by many authors. However, the generally accepted consensus was presented by Van Engle (1958). Mating occurs from May to October in the mid-Bay. Spawning follows the female migration to a region of the Bay mouth between Cape Henry and Cape Charles. The females prefer deep water associated with the channels and a significant number of crabs also occur outside the Bay mouth.

Two major spawning periods are noted. The first occcurs in May - June and a second in August - September. The spring spawnings are from females that mated and matured the previous fall. They may spawn a second time at summers end. The females reaching maturity in May spawn in August. By mid-September no female spawners are found. Post-spawning crabs are thought to move to deeper waters of the bay or the coastal zone and re-invade the estuaries as "ocean" crabs the following year (Van Engle, 1958).

A two week development is generally required between egg laying and hatching (Van Engel, 1958). Growth is rapid and complete metamorphosis is reached within 40 days of hatching (Costlow and Bookhout, 1959). The larvae develop through as many as eight zoea stages and a megalopae during this period.

The larvae hatch synchronously with the tidal cycle just prior to maximum ebb (Provenzano et al., 1983). Provenzano et al. (1983), and McConaugha et al. (1983) reported maximum first stage zoea concentrations in the surface layers of waters near the mouth the of Bay where they are transported offshore. The megalopae molt into an early crab stage which may re-invade the Bay through winddriven surface circulations.

The rock crab is caught commercially in the colder waters of the Northeast (Krouse, 1972). In the Mid-Atlantic Bight, <u>C. irroratus</u> is a common epibenthic species along the continental shelf and

inshore waters (Musick and McEachran, 1972); however, they are caught incidentally in other fisheries. Large numbers of rock crabs are caught in the winter dredge fishery for blue crabs that extends from December through March each year. They may appear in the markets along with blue crabs although dredgers generally avoid areas of rock crab abundance. Since they are underexploited, the life history and biology of the rock crab off Virginia is not well known. A review of the available data on these crabs is given by Bigford (1979).

Larvae are produced from early spring through the summer (Connolly, 1923; Sandifer, 1972). Sastry (1970, 1971) reported growth rates for the five zoea and one megalopae stages to be comparable to those for the blue crab (37-58 days in a constant temperature culture regime). Sandifer (1972) and Goy (1976) reported larval abundance of the rock crabs during April and May. The greatest catches were associated with their more seaward stations just outside the Bay mouth. Previous reports has been made of large numbers of larvae in the surface waters (Fish, 1925; Smyth, 1980); however, Sandifer and Goy found that 55% and 72%, respectively, of the larvae they collected to be in the bottom collections.

Bigford (1979b) concluded from laboratory data that late stage zoea and megalopae are epibenthic; however, Johnson (1982) found an opposite trend for megalopae. He reported the megalopae

inhabiting the neuston in stratified water columns, while a mixed vertical distribution did occur in homogeneous water columns.

#### Bivalves and Oysters

Bivalve larvae constitute a major portion of the marine plankton community (Thorson, 1946). In fact, during bivalve spawning periods, their abundance in the water column may dominate the other plankters. Unfortunately, proper identifications of many planktonic bivalve larvae are lacking since true definitive characteristics and meristic distributions common to the mature stage are often logistically difficult, if not impossible to detect.

Chesapeake Bay serves as a major habitat for many bivalves (Table 1); several of which are of commercial value. The hard and soft clams, Mercenaria mercenaria and Mya arenaria, respectively, experience moderate exploitation. The oyster, Crassostrea virginica has the largest commercial value for mollusc harvested in the Bay, with a 1982-83 landing exceeding \$1 million for the James River (Table 2). Its development is well documented and the larvae are distinct (Chanley and Andrews, 1971).

The harvest of oysters from the lower Chesapeake Bay and James River is composed of two fisheries: 3" market and seed market. The standard beds are tonged for the adults (3" market) and are sold by the bushel as "clean cull". Unique to the James River oyster farming is the seed market. It is important as the source of seed-oysters for the entire oyster industry of Virginia.

TABLE 1. Spawning seasons in Virginia of 23 species of bivalves from Chanley and Andrews, 1971.

Species	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Aequipecten irradians						1 1	1	1 				
Anadara transversa					1	; ; ;	1	1 1 1	l l			
Anomia simplex					i i	) 	;	1		1 1		
Barnea truncata					 	1	,	1 1 1	1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1	
Crassostrea virginica					1 1	; ! ! !				1		
Cyrtopleura costata				1 1 1	1 1	t 1 1 1	-	1 1	1	1 1	1 ;	
Donax variabilis								1		1 1 1		
Ensis directus		1		!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!								
Gemma gemma			) (	1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	)     	1 1 1	1	ı		
Laevicardium mortoni			1 1 1	! ! ! !	1	 	) 	1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1		
Lyonsia hyalina			j 1 1 1	1 1	f f	t 1 1						
Mercenaria mercenaria					1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1	1	1			
Modiolus demissus					 	1 1 1	1			1		
Mulinia latervalis			1 1 1	1	1	1 1 1			f I	1 1		
Mya arenaria			1 1	1 1	1 1				 		1	) 
Mytilus edulis	i i	1 1	1 1	;	i i	 	1	1 1	1	i i	1	1
Noetia ponderosa							1	,		1		
Petricola pholadiformis			1 1 1	1	1	1 1 1	1	!	1	1 1	1 1	
Pitar morrhuana						1 1	1	1 1				
Spisula solidissima			1 1			1			1	i 1	1 1	
Tellina agilis				1	f	f 1	:	1 1	ı			
Teredo navalis							 		;	;		

- - - - = Estimated

James River Public Oyster production based on dockside landings and estimate values (VMRC, 1984). TABLE 2.

ALL STREET COLORS BOOKS BOOKS

Total Total Seed & Clean Cull Clean Cull Value Value	\$ 746,704 \$1,801,495	1,773.844 2,810,907	1,912,462 2,442,755	2,070,099 2,834,058	392,598 1,053,790	463,911 1,151,836	401,806 1,114,449	372,035 881,980	450,286 1,152,398	321,181 1,076,261	69,639 878,618	478,808 1,356,044	156,572 754,135	31,877 871,082	11,091 646,036	66,009 760,400	232,517 1,178,039	357,748 1,188,696	676,247 1,164,880	197,508 1,108,800	104,767 1,119,079
Clean Cull Average Price/Bushel	\$4.25	4.25	4.25	4.24	2.35	2.55	2.55	2.59	2.64	2.48	2.54	2.57	2.54	2.18	3.36	5.00	5.45	5.23	4.97	7.92	8.52
# Bushels Clean Cull*	175,695	417,375	449,991	487,937	166,989	182,020	157,669	143,778	170,844	129,716	27,389	186,290	61,601	14,633	3,302	13,192	42,670	68,354	135,967	24,924	12,301
Total Seed \$ Value	\$1,054,791	1,037,063	530,293	763,959	661,192	687,925	712,643	509,945	702,112	755,080	808,979	877,236	597,563	839,205	634,945	694,391	945,522	830,948	488,633	911,292	1,014,312
Seed Average Price/Bushel	\$1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.24	1.42	1.46	1.93	1.53	1.88	2.04	2.35	1.89	1.88	1.51	1.98	2.25	2.38	2.28	2.24	2.08
# Bushels Seed	843,833	829,650	424,234	611,167	532,590	483,690	486,536	264,203	458,637	400,593	396,169	372,537	317,002	446,121	420,403	350,419	419,465	349,538	214,313	406,042	487,438
Fiscal Year Oct - Jun	1962-63	1963-64	1964-65	1965-66	1966-67	1967-68	1968-69	1969-70	1970-71	1971-72	o 1972-73	1973-74	1974-75	1975-76	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83

<sup>\*</sup> Clean cull = 3" + market size

Information accumulated over the past seven decades indicates that larvae of <u>Crassostrea virginica</u> migrate in conduction with current and tidal oscillations. Oyster larvae are generally retained within the spawning area of the estuary and may settle in areas upstream from the major spawning population. Such is the case in the James River where larvae along the northeast shoal and deeper channels are transported upstream. Those larvae in the southwest shoal waters are carried seaward (Wood and Hargis, 1971).

Nelson (1911) first hypothesized that oyster larvae control their vertical distribution by rising and sinking in the tidal streams. Numerous studies have confirmed that the larvae are not being transported passively, but, in fact, selectively swim in to maximize horizontal distributions.

The data suggest that their behavior is correlated with salinity and tidal movement. In studies where sharp salinity stratification was reported, the greatest abundance of the larvae was found just above the zone of greatest salinity change during flood tide. Large or older oyster larvae tend to rest near or on the bottom during ebb, and actively rise in the water on the flood. This allows for maximum distribution in the tidal headwaters during a tidal cycle. Where a halocline was not reported the oyster larvae were found in the vicinity of the fastest current (see Carriker, 1981, and Woods and Hargis, 1971, for reviews).

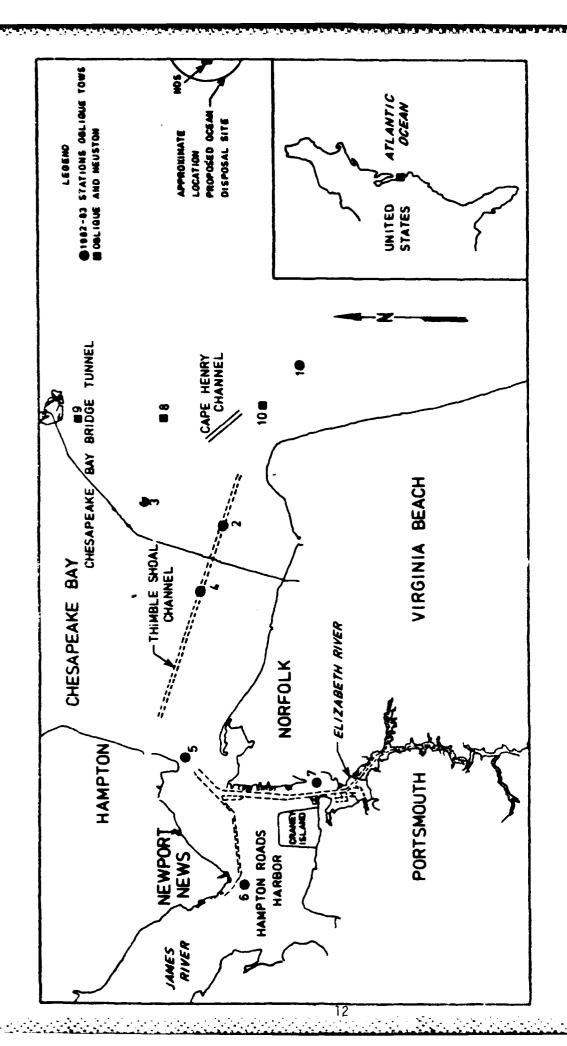
#### **METHODS**

#### Study Area

Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries constitute the largest estuary in the United States. It is characterized by a two-layer circulation pattern with a net outflow of low salinity surface water layered over a net inflow of more dense, higher salinity bottom water (Pritchard, 1955; Boicourt, 1981). There is an inflow of shelf water at the Chesapeake Channel and North Channel. Due to the Bay's size, the Coriolis force helps confine this higher salinity water to the western shore. The major fresh water sources experience an outflow toward the southern channel. This pronounced low salinity plume has a general southerly drift (Boicourt, 1973, 1981; Johnson, 1976). Once outside the Bay mouth, this water flows with the southerly drift of shelf water; however, it is highly susceptible to directional changes caused by prevailing seasonal winds.

#### Sampling Regime

Ten stations were sampled in the lower Chesapeake Bay and one station offshore at the proposed Norfolk Disposal Site (NDS) during 1982 and 1983 (Figure 1). The lower bay stations extended from the southern channel at Cape Henry along Thimble Shoal Channel to the river mouths of the James and Elizabeth Rivers and their confluence. Three additional stations were sampled across the Bay mouth at the middle (Chesapeake Channel) and upper (North



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Figure 1. Study Area - Lower Chesapeake Bay, Chesapeake Bay Mouth and Proposed Norfolk Disposal Site (NDS).

Channel) navigational channels. The NDS station was placed 27 km east of the Bay mouth in the center of the proposed dredged material disposal site.

A monthly sampling was maintained for the Bay mouth transect (stations 8, 9 and 10) and NDS. The two southern channels of the Bay mouth were sampled semi-monthly (stations 1, 2 and 3). The four inner most stations (4, 5, 6 and 7) were sampled monthly during October through April and semi-monthly from May through September. The semi-monthly sampling was deemed necessary in order to monitor the changes in population dynamics during the more active spawning periods and depict any major population shifts associated with Bay plume affects.

Plankton samples were collected with oblique bongo tows from approximately one meter above the bottom to the surface. Each station was sample, with a replicate tow. The duplicate sequence repeated with a different mesh net producing a total of 8 samples per station. The smaller 153 u mesh was used for bivalve larvae and the large 355 u mesh for larval decapods. A one-meter neuston net (355 u) was deployed at stations 8, 9, 10 and NDS. Four neuston tows were made per station, of five minutes duration each. Mechanical flow meters were used in each net during all samples collected. Abundances were calculated as #/m³ and plotted on a log +1 scale.

Field parameters measured included salinity, temperature, conductivity and dissolved oxygen. Readings were made at each station one meter below the surface and one meter above the bottom. These supplementary data are available from the authors.

#### RESULTS

Abundance analysis for all stations sampled shows significant spatial and temporal patterns for the three larval species studied. Blue crab larvae exhibit more dynamic larval dispersal and recruitment mechanisms. The rock crab and oysters retain spawning behavior that allows the retention of larval in an environment endemic to the parental stock. Spawning of blue crabs and oysters occurs during the summer month, while the rock crab spawns during cooler periods.

#### Blue Crab

Spawning of blue crabs over the two year study was concentrated around the Bay mouth and offshore (NDS) (Fig. 2). Initial low level spawning activities were evident by late May - early June at the lower Bay mouth (Stations 1, 2 and 10). By late June, July and August, major spawning peaks occurred throughout the Bay mouth. Greatest zoeal abundances were from the deeper channels at the Bay mouth and NDS stations with concentrations exceeding 300 larvae/m³ in July (Station 9, 1982) and August (Station 1, 1983). The single largest recorded abundance was at NDS on August 11, 1982 when over 700 crab larvae/m³ were collected. Blue crab larvae were found as late as November at NDS; however, the Bay mouth concentrations appeared to have ended by September.

Blue crab larvae were collected during the summer months from the

James River/Elizabeth River (Stations 6 and 7, respectively). However, larval abundances declined sharply with distance inland from the Bay Mouth (Fig. 2 h, i, j, & k).

Megalopae of the blue crab were present at Stations 1, 3 and NDS during July and August; however, their numbers were low in the oblique tows (Fig. 3). Few were collected at the otter Bay mouth or inner stations.

#### Rock Crab

Rock crab larvae were absent from the plankton during the summer months (Fig. 4). Larvae were reported in oblique tows as early as August and extended through May with peak abundances at NDS during April for both years studied. The Bay mouth showed substantially lower numbers; of those sampled, Stations 1, 2, 3 and 10 were the popular areas. Only a few zoea were collected at the the James River and Elizabeth River stations.

The megalopae were rarely captured; (see Appendix tables), however, they appeared to remain with the zoea in the offshore shelf waters.

## Oysters and Bivalve Larvae

Oyster larvae contribute little to the total bivalve population outside their parental habitats of the James/Elizabeth Rivers mouth confluence (Fig. 5). Oyster larvae were seldom collected

east of the Chesapeake Bay Bridge Tunnel (Stations 2 and 3). Abundance values for oysters at the Bay mouth stations (Stations 1, 8, 9 and 10) and the NDS are not shown due to such low abundances. The bivalve population in general was highly variable over the two years, with highest concentrations noticed in April through July. This is a brief span considering the abundance of benthic bivalves spawning during the summer months (Table 1). Otherwise no noticeable trend could be seen.

Near the inner most stations (4, 5, 6 and 7) the oyster larvae abundance was very patchy (high variability). During the summer spawning of oysters, their larvae accounted for most of the bivalve larvae in the plankton, particularly near the inner stations along the James River oyster beds. There was a peak abundance of oyster larvae during July and August in 1982; however, a bimodal distribution was evident the following year. There was an initial peak in June and July, followed by a decline in mid-August and a resurgence in early September. The bivalve larvae in general showed a similar trend.

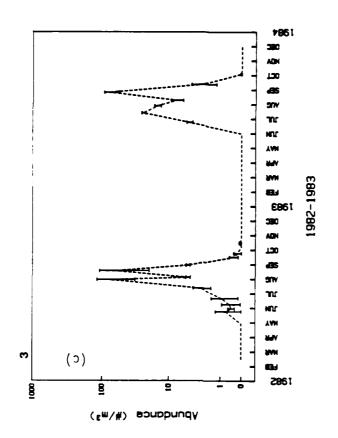
## Vertical Distribution

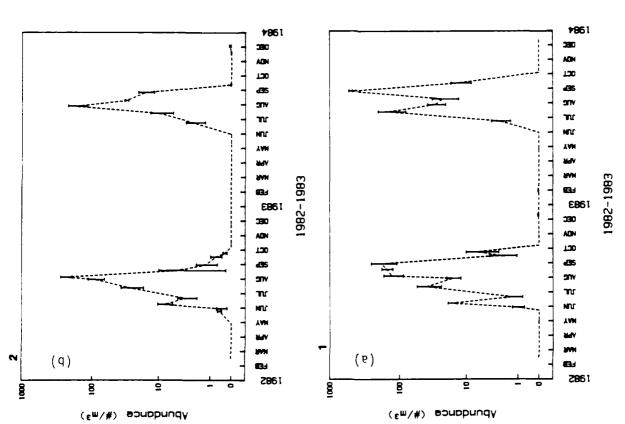
No definitive pattern of vertical stratification was noticed for blue crab zoea at the Bay mouth and NDS stations over the two year study (Fig. 6). Station 8 showed no difference between neuston and obliques in 1982, however, zoea abundances were substantially higher in obliques in 1983. A similar pattern was noticed for

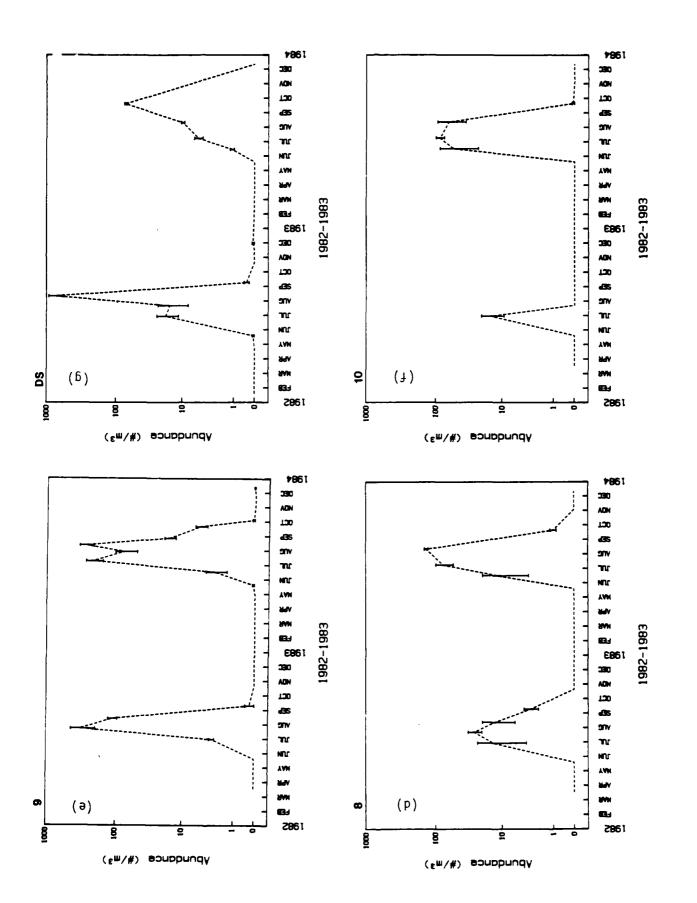
Station 9. They dominated the neuston in late summer at Station 10 in 1982; however, the reverse was noticed the following year. There was no distinction between obliques and neuston at NDS for 1982. In 1983, the zoea appeared in the neuston early in the season; however, by the end of the summer (September and October) the larvae were throughout the water column. Blue crab megalopae showed a definite preference for surface waters at the offshore station (NDS) (Fig. 7). Megalopae concentrations at NDS were robust during 1982, but were significantly reduced the following year.

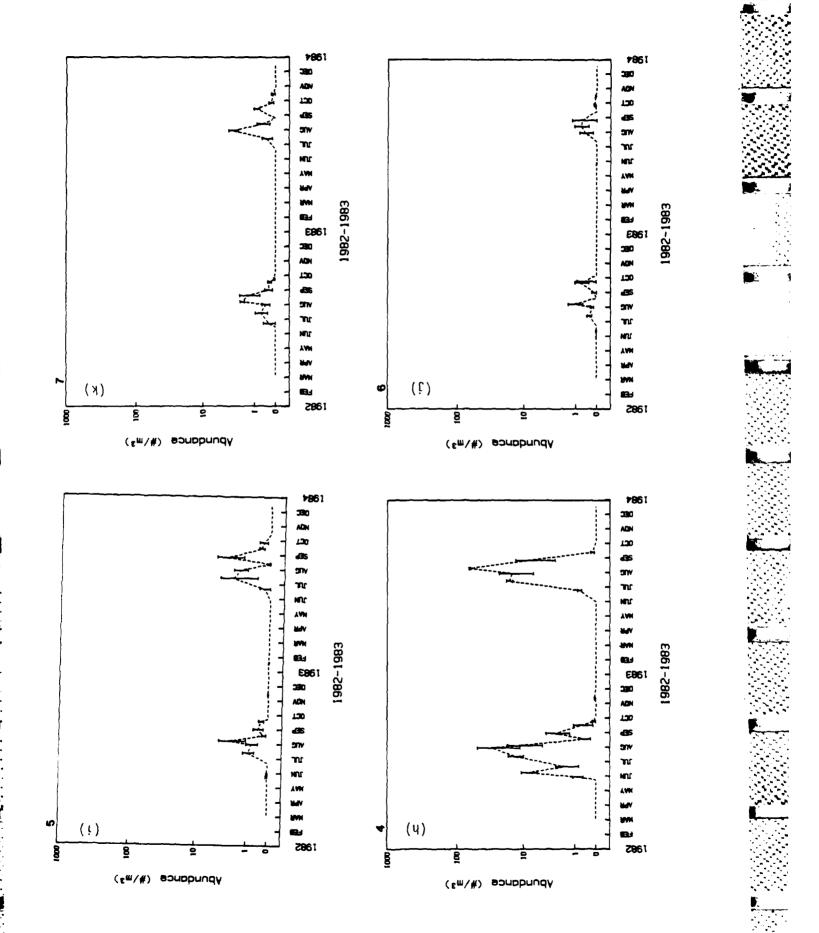
Rock crab zoeae were seldom collected in the neuston layer, whereas the oblique tows showed higher concentration at NDS (Fig. 8). This indicates a selective preference for the colder, bottom waters. This zone is characteristic of higher saline coastal waters influenced by a surface layer of less dense estuarine waters. The numbers of megalopae collected were too few for any definiative comparison (see Appendix).

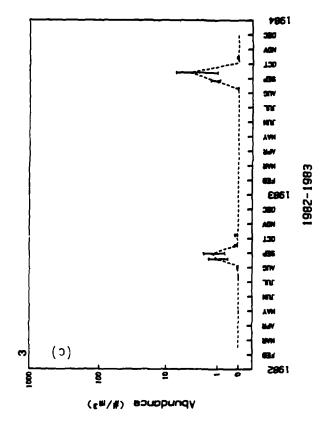
Figure 2. Abundance  $(\#/m^3)$  of <u>Callinectes sapidus</u> zoea from oblique tows (355 u mesh) at the Bay mouth stations: east of the Bridge Tunnel - 1(a), 2(b), 3(c), 8(d), 9(e), 10(f); offshore - NDS (g); and the inner stations - 4(h), 5(i), 6(j), and 7(k).

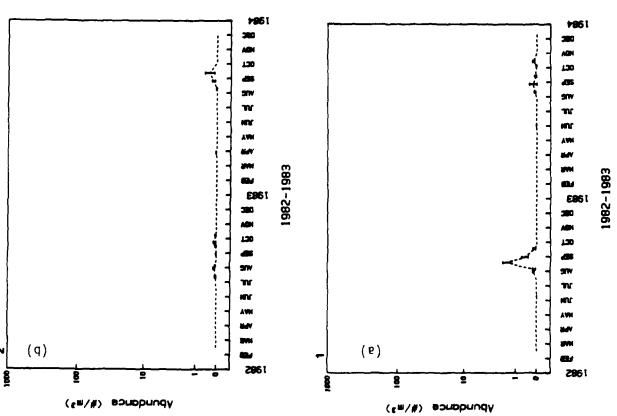


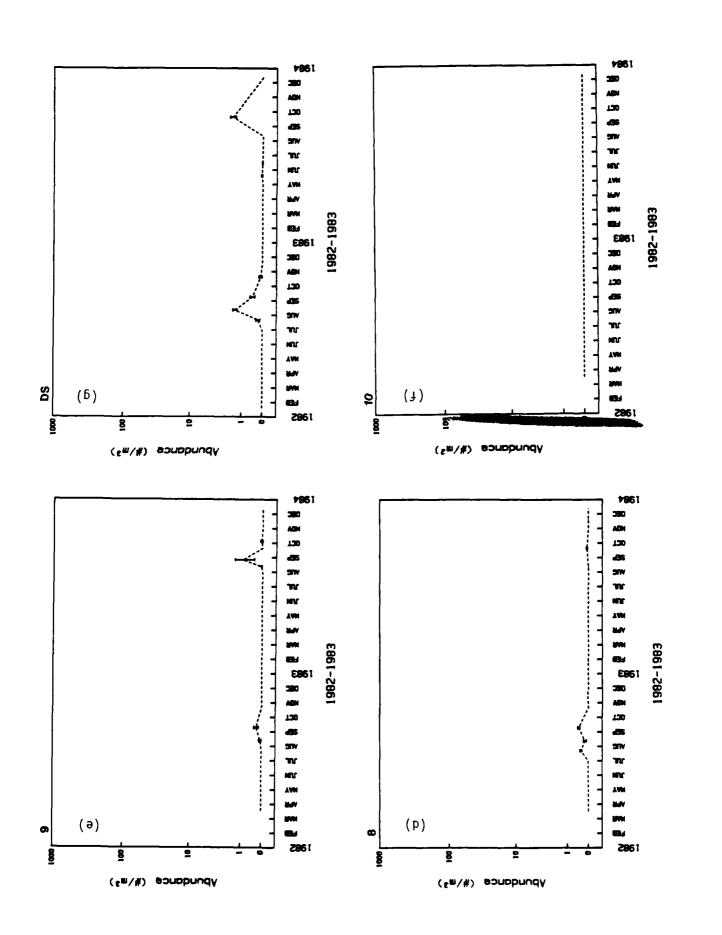


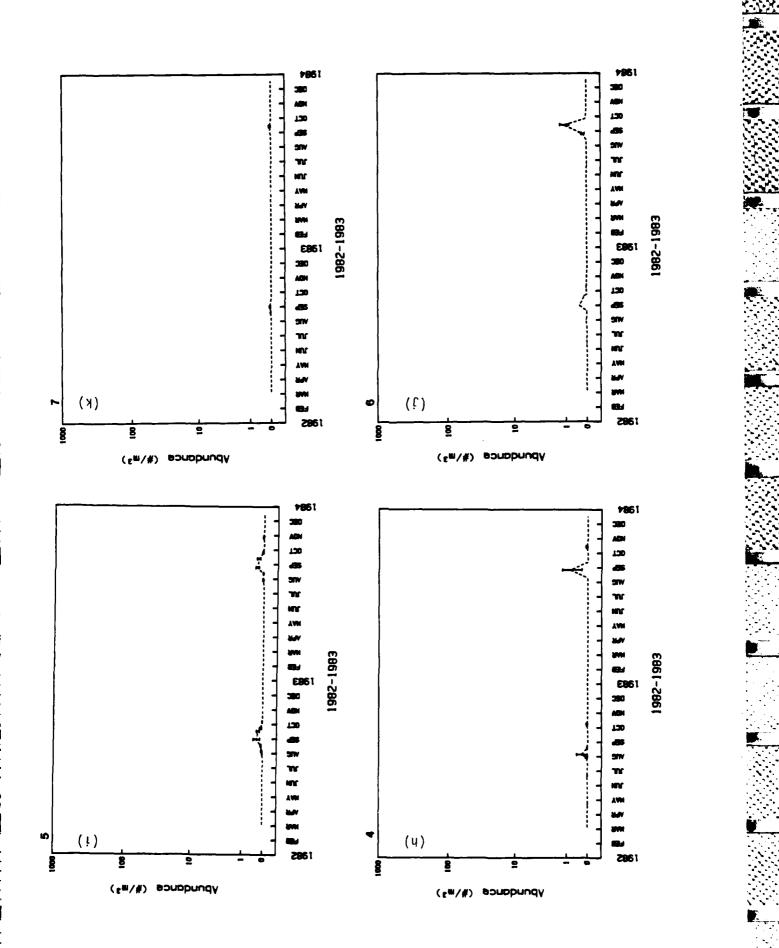


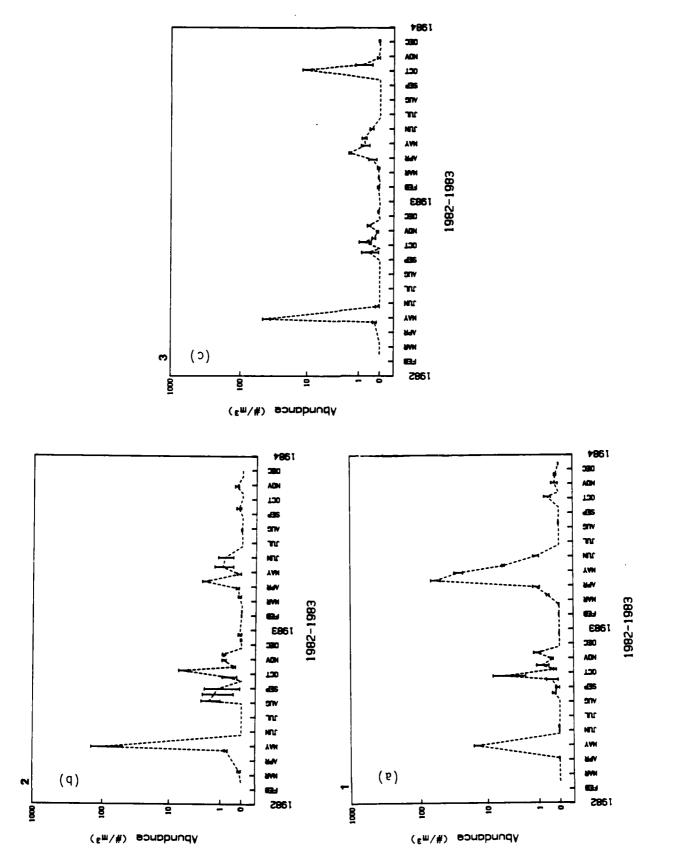


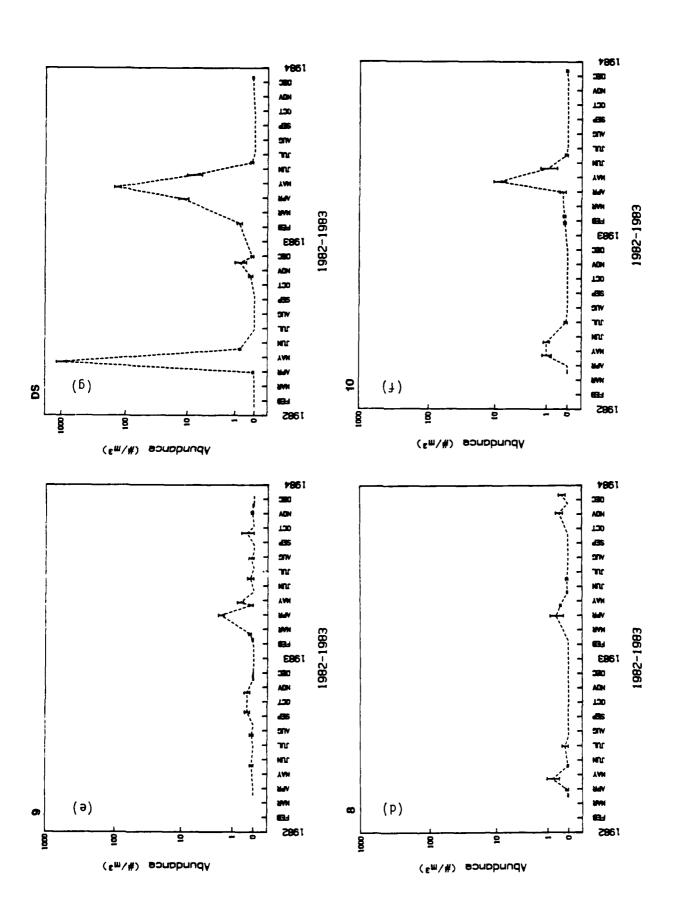


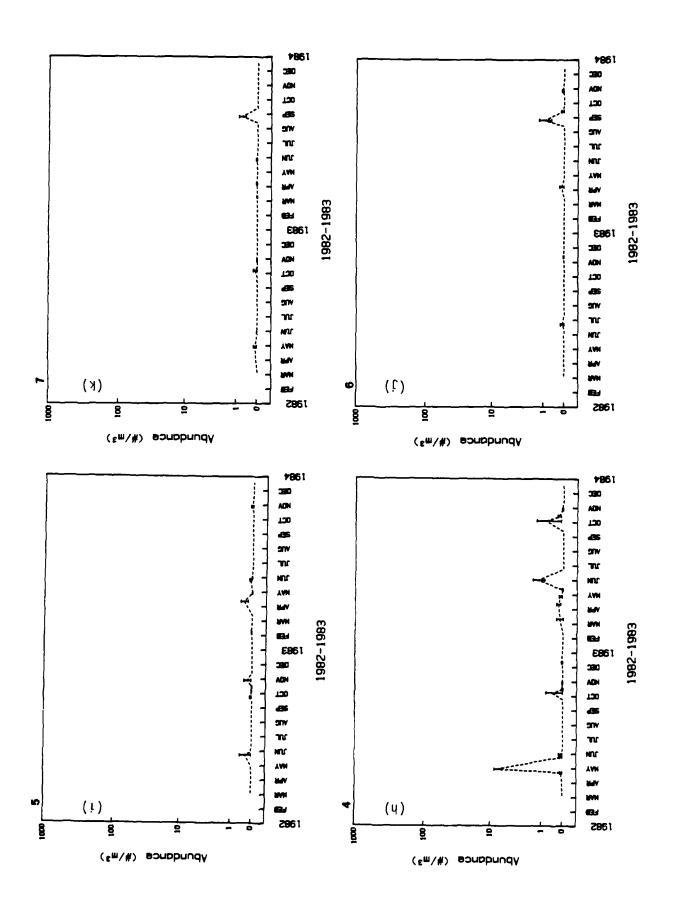




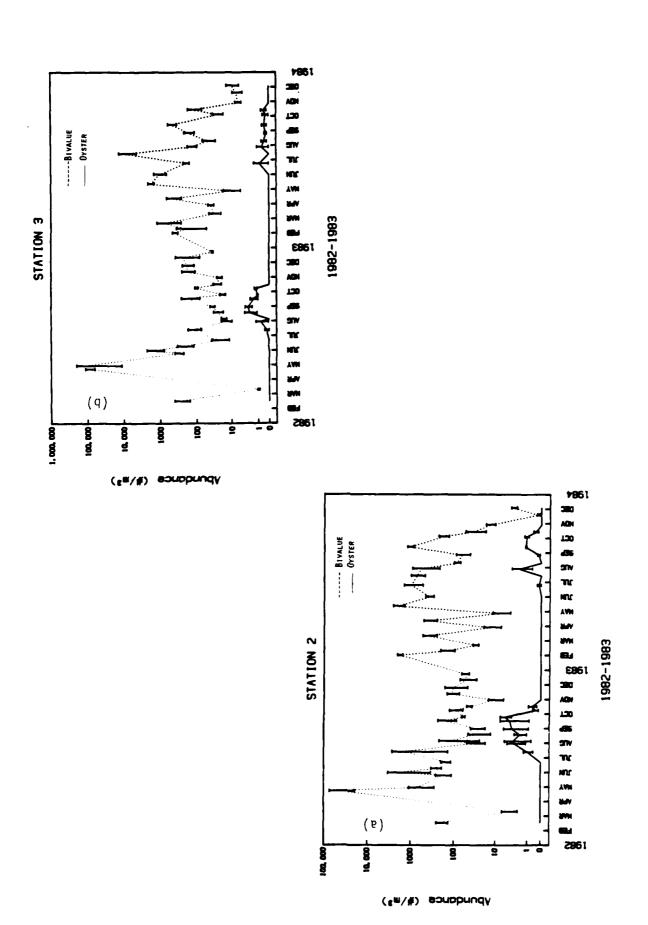




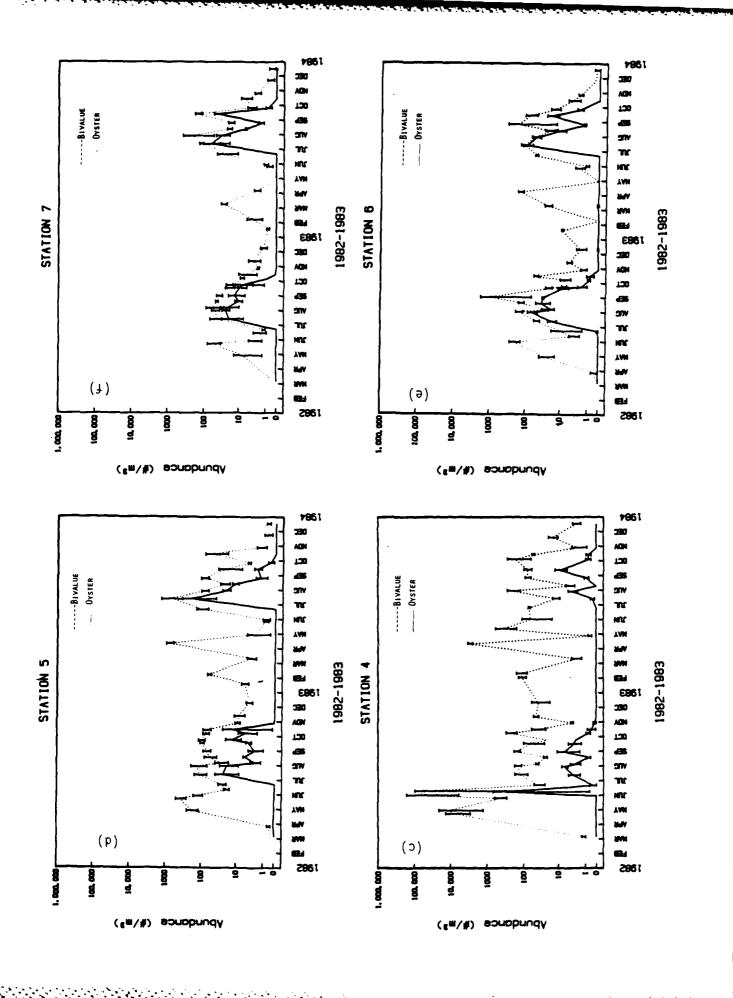


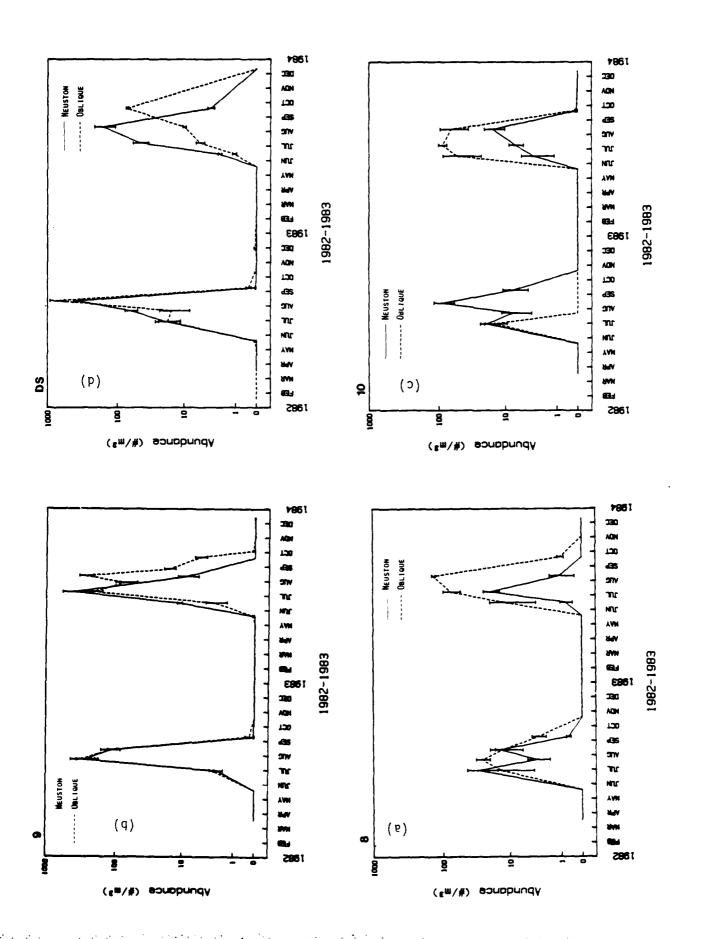


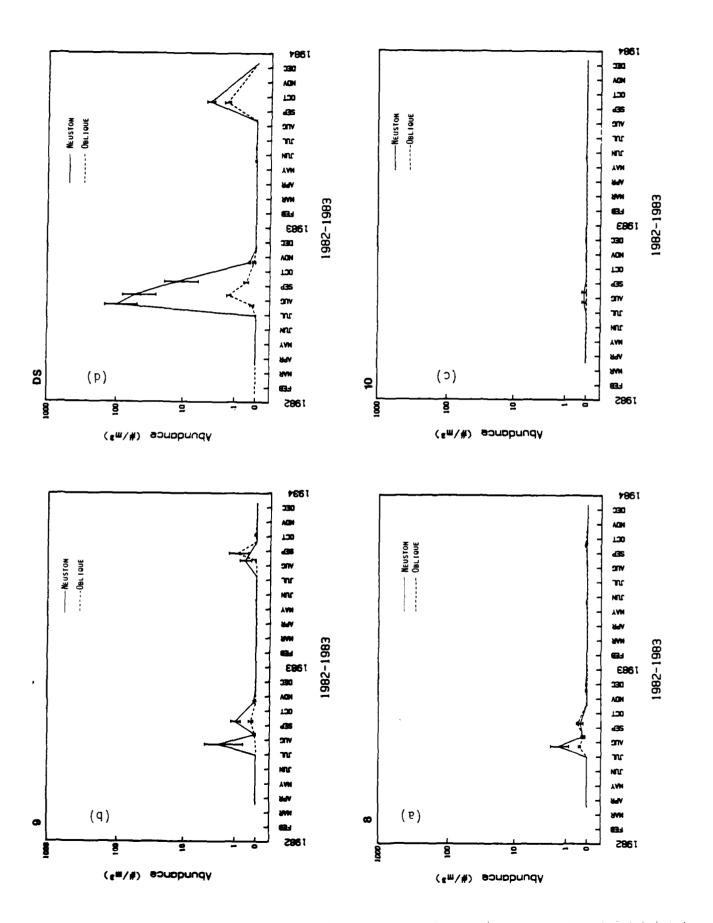
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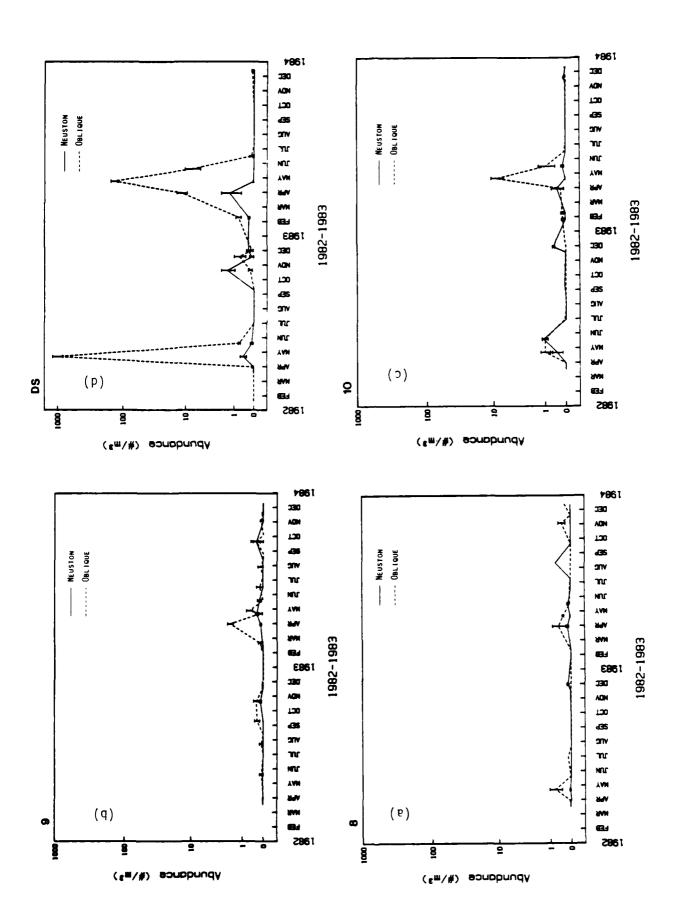


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#### DISCUSSION

Periods of reproductive activity are often correlated with physical environmental factors. These parameters often include, but may not be limited to temperature, salinity, photoperiod, suitable food (Thorson, 1946) and favorable seasonal current patterns (Knudsen, 1960; Effort, 1970; Rimmer and Phillips, 1979). Among these seasonal temperature change is considered dominant (Kinne, 1970; Giese and Pearse, 1974).

Meroplankton typically reproduce during the warmer months in boreal and temperate waters. In Chesapeake Bay, spawning of blue crabs and oysters occurred during the summer months as expected. Provenzano et al. (1983) suggested a synchronized hatching of blue crab larvae (Stage I) with the tidal cycle, and associated vertical stratification. The majority of the Stage I zoea were collected in the neuston layer during ebb tides, particularly during the evening hours. The present study showed no definitive vertical stratification of early stage zoea in the neuston (300 u size class counts). The seaward transport of these early stage larvae and offshore development is indicated by the increased abundance of both zoea and megalopae at NDS some 27 km east of the Bay mouth. As a result, the early stage zoea must concentrate in the low salinity surface waters associated with the Bay plume and its offshore transport. Similar studies from Florida to North Carolina support the contention that larval development of

<u>Callinectus sapidus</u> larvae occurs offshore (Nichols and Kenney, 1963; Dudley and Judy, 1971; Smyth, 1980). There is a subsequent re-invasion of the estuary by the megalopae and juvenile stages. This re-invasion is believed to be made possible by the prevailing wind and surface current patterns present off the Bay mouth during the late summer months (Hester, 1983; Johnson <u>et al.</u>, 1983). The megalopae concentrate in the neuston offshore, however, the mechanism for blue crab recruitment to the Bay is not clear. Their vertical distribution probably changes as the megalopae molt to the juvenile stage. The currents are towards the Bay in late summer and autumn, and may aid the invasion process.

The oyster larvae were most abundant from July through September at the stations located near the mouths of the James and Elizabeth Rivers. Although the abundance were highly variable by date, peaks occurred in July and August in 1982. A definite bimodal distribution was recorded the following year with a decline in mid-August and a second peak in early September. Although oyster larvae were found in the vicinity of the Bay mouth, their counts were too low to indicate any major seaward transport. The oyster larvae tended to remain endemic to the parent populations and the literature supports the upriver transport in many instances. There was a paucity of planktonic bivalves at the inner stations. This implies that oysters are more successful due to less competition in the highly variable euryhaline environment.

The rock crab believed to be boreal in origin inhabit the continental shelf and slope waters from Labrador to South Carolina (Rathbun, 1930; Squires, 1966; Williams, 1965; Nations, 1975).

The crab occurs in shallow waters at its northern range (Williams, 1965; Templeman, 1966) and is found in the deeper, colder offshore waters along the more southern extention (MacKay, 1943). Along the Mid-Atlantic Bight it may be found in the inlets and bays as an adult. The larvae are hatched offshore; however, zoea are reported nearshore. In Chesapeake Bay the larvae occur during the colder months (October to May) near the Bay mouth. Their lack of abundance in the neuston collections supports previous studies for a preference for the cooler bottom waters.

#### CONCLUSION

Peak abundance of blue crab larvae occurs in mid to late summer at the deeper channels of the Chesapeake Bay mouth and NDS stations. Although no vertical stratification was noticed for early stage larvae, a seaward migration is indicated. Larval development occurs offshore where megalopae concentrate in the neuston layer prior to re-invasion of the Bay.

Larval rock crabs were collected throughout the colder winter months at the Bay mouth and NDS stations. Although peak abundances occurred in May offshore, larvae were also collected in early fall. The larvae tended to remain in the higher salinity and cooler bottom waters, as did the later stage megalopae.

Oyster larvae tended to remain in the vicinity of the James and Elizabeth Rivers confluence and infrequently occurred seaward. Most larvae occurred in the plankton during July and August. In 1983, a bimodal distribution was observed with a second peak as late as September. Bivalve larvae were very abundant at the outer stations; however, declined sharply at the inner stations. Oysters comprised a significant proportion of the total bivalve larvae present at these inner stations.

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APPENDIX ABUNDANCE TABLES BY STATION \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

# MOLLUSCS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 1 MEAN OF 4 153 MICRON OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

********	***************************************		******		*****
DATE	All				
U., L	8 i val ve s		Oyst	ers	
	3772773	-	5,3.		
16FEB82	442.21 ( 2	275.02)	0.00	( • )	
09MAR82	7.03 (	3.431	0.00	( . )	
03APR82	106.61 (	61.45)	0.01	( 0.01)	
30APR82	1034.20 ( 3	370.40)	0.00	( . )	
24MAY82		387.281	0.00	( - )	
30MAY82	52639.88 (524	19.00)	0.00	( . )	
08JUN82	338.24 ( )	138.17)	0.00	( . )	
21JUN82	1729.09 ( 4	06.771		( . )	
12JUL82	165.87 (	28.15)	1.44	( 0.77)	
30JUL82	948.33 ( 3	113.88)	1.10	( 0.70)	
04AUG82	57.52 (	28.60)	0.58	( 0.51)	
18AUG82	49.45 (	5.12)	1.69	( 0.36)	
30AUG82	128.76 (	36.84)	0.08	( 0.08)	
16SEP82	220.55 (	78.321	0.58	( 0.38)	
245 EP 82	75.96 (	9.37)		( 0.36)	
070CT82	59.23 (	5.48)	2.78	( 0.97)	
150CT82	166.86 (	38.47)	0.08	( 0.08)	
290CT82	151.08 (	15.06)		( . )	
11NOV82	276.65 (	79.11)		( . )	
24NOV82	275.99 (	82.08)	C.00	( . )	
100 EC82	2923.71 ( 24	93.081	0.00	( • )	
21UEC82		37.431	0.00	( • )	
24JAN83	160.85 (	42.89)	C.00	( . )	
31JAN83	310.35 ( 1	19.49)	0.00	( . )	
09FEB83	217.75 (	79.60)	0.00	( • )	
21FE383	1412.91 ( 2	88.70)		( . )	
LOMAR83	162.52 (	44.35)	0.00	( • )	
28MAR83	54.15 (	12.52)	0.00	( . )	
11APR83	207.97 (	31.91)	0.00	( . )	
27APR83	16.16 (	2.55)	0.00	( . )	
11MAY83	330.36 (	60.87)	0.00	( • )	
31MAY83	730.00 ( 1	10.53)	0.00	( . )	
24JUN83	161.17 (	66.86)	0.10	( 0.10)	
13JUL83	647.55 (	54.24)	0.00	( . )	
28JUL83	256.83 ( 1	.09.88)	0.00	( . )	
09AUG83	73.43 (	42.40)	0.00	( . )	
26AUG83	163.42 (	81.19)	0.00	t . )	
12SEP83	176.37 (	50.30)	0.68	( 0.54)	
<b>030CT83</b>	294.84 (	92.921		( 2.54)	
13GCT 83	183.80 ( ]	.21.131	0.67	( 0.14)	
11DEC83	84.41 (	24.44)	0.00	( . )	

## MOLLUSCS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 2 MEAN OF 4 153 MICRON OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

DATE	Al	ı		
	Bival	ves	Oysters	
16FEB82	193.53 (	61.44)	0.00 (	. )
U9MAR82	4.52 (	2.21)	0.00 (	. )
22APR82	46904.54 (	27308.31)	0.00 (	. )
29APR82	685.77 (	399.791	0.00 (	. )
24MAY82	185.34 (	74.11)	0.00 (	. )
30MAY82	1856.09 (	1510.27)	0.00 (	• )
SBNULBO	266.09 (	73.46)	C.00 (	. )
21JUN82	157.55 (	41.53)	0.00 (	. )
12JUL82	1402.51 (	1266.39)	0.95 (	0.47)
30JUL82	33.61 (	15.84)	3.04 (	1.86)
04AUG82	122.21 (	97.531	3•22 (	2.581
18AUG82	29.43 (	16.40)	2.02 (	0.97)
30AUG82	28.75 (	11.01)	3.45 (	2.59)
165 EP 82	160.31 (	74.26)	4.16 (	3.36)
24SEP82	59.36 (	4.51)	5.57 (	1.95)
070CT82	94.19 (	32.28)	0.33 (	0.191
150CT82	43.86 (	6.19)	0.56 (	0.341
290CT82	10.62 (		0.00 (	. )
11NCV82	109.79 (	34.86)	0.00 (	• )
24NOV82	105.11 (	57.40)	0.00 (	. )
100EC82	50.41 (	21.42)	G.00 (	. )
220EC82	55.30 (	11.02)	0.00 (	. )
31JAN83	1784.21 (	251.93)	0.00 (	• )
09FEB83	151.33 (	56.49)	0.00 (	• )
∠1FE883	31.15 (		0.00 (	• )
10MAR83	391.38 (	139,191	C. 00 (	. )
28MAR83	13.44 (	6.231	0.00 (	. )
11APR83	381.12 (	128.50)	0.00 (	. )
27APR83	7.81 (	3.86)	0.00 (	• )
11MAY83	1974.74 (	574.70)	0.00 (	• )
SIMAY83	379.97 (	80.40)	0.00 (	• )
24JUN83	985.64 (	451.03)	0.11 (	0.11)
13JUL83	742.65 (	262.141	0.00 (	• )
28JUL83	574.55 (	355.721	2.12 (	1.55)
09AUG83	85.62 (	14.47)	0.00 (	. )
26AUG83	65.97 (	23.74)	0.12 (	0.071
12SEP83	1046.04 (	171.68)	1.22 (	0.08)
U3UCT83	180.99 (		1.12 (	0.25)
130CT83	35.69 (		0.31 (	0.16)
280CT83	14.05 (	3.70)	C.OO (	• 1
18NOV83	0.16 (	0.06)	0.00 (	• 1
02DEC83	3.16 (	0.64)	0.00 (	• )

\*

## MOLLUSCS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 3 MEAN OF 4 153 MICRON OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

DATE	A	1 1				
	Biva	l ve s	Oyst	ters		
16FEB82	281.73	( 125.99)	0.00	(	. )	
09MAR82	0.93	( 0.11)	0.00	(	. )	
22APR82	90617.47	(26261.10)	0.00	(	. )	
29APR82	107478.03	(95958.41)		(	. )	
24MAY82	311.67	( 85.98)	0.00	(	• )	
30MAY82	1550.78		0.00	(	• )	
GBJUN82	228.23		0.03		0.03)	
21JUN82	24.67	( 12.98)	C.00	(	. )	
12JUL82	123.27	( 49.19)	C.16	(	0.16)	
301UL82	14.97	( 5.21)	0.66		0.52)	
G4AUG82	17.05	( 3.16)	0.00		. )	
18AUG82	25.37	( 8.08)	2.39	(	1.291	
30AUG82	36.63	( 5.78)	2.74	(	0.84)	
16SEP82		( 89.62)	1.67		0.65)	
245EP82		( 3.28)	1.07		0.09)	
07GCT82		( 8.91)	1.31		0.18)	
150CT82	_	( 7.02)		(	• )	
490CT82	22.53			i	• )	
11N0V82	178.29	-	0.00	i	. )	
24NOV82	177.02			i	. )	
10DEC82	229.28			ĺ	• )	
220 EC82	35.73			(	• )	
31JAN83	389.56		C.00	Ċ	. )	
U9FE383	203.48			(	• )	
21FEB83	732.32			(	• ) `	
10MAR83	31.96			(	. )	
28MAR83	39.85			į (	• )	
11APR83	449.22		0.00	ĺ	• )	
27APR83	10.83		0.00	i	. )	
11MAY83	1772.92		0.00	(	. )	
31MAY83	1047.53			i	• )	
24JUN83	184.86		0.76		0.76)	
13JUL83	8819.65			(	• )	
28JUL83	132.40		0.55		0.551	
U9AUG83	46.87				0.221	
26AUG83	160.75	( 50.55)	0.21		0.09)	
125EP83	461.66		0.32	-	0.19)	
03UCT83	24.94		=		0.23)	
1300783	117.37				0.23)	
280CT83	6.02			(	• )	
18NOV83	6.58		C.00	(	• )	
02DEC83	9.60		0.00	-	• )	

\*

### MOLLUSCS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 4 MEAN OF 4 153 MICRON OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

DATE AII Bivalves Oysters 0.00) 04MAR82 0.53 ( 0.671 -0.00 ( 8169.13 ( 5284.92) 22APR82 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 29APR82 10941.57 ( 9681.72) 0.00 ( 24MAY82 161.79) 450.17 ( 85232.82 (79260.74) 0.00 ( 30MAY82 **284UL80** 19817.98 (19763.09) 347.23 ( 346.70) **21JUN82** 37.77 ( 13.17) 0.27 ( 0.271 3.23 ( 1.50) 12JUL82 125.15 ( 50.191 143.21 ( 301UL82 31.371 6.28 ( 1.46) 3.95) 2.88 ( 04AUG82 40.53 ( 1.231 18AUG82 24.07 ( 2.88) 0.63 ( 0.211 30AUG82 154.62 ( 28.711 6.24 ( 4.461 16SEP82 62.61 ( 37.341 3.20 ( 1.63) 24SEP82 21.74 ( 0.47) 2.67 ( 0.13) 73.971 0.64 ( 0.221 07UCT82 225.16 ( 0.35 ( 150CT82 39.93 ( 0.35) 17.331 290CT82 0.11 ( 0.11) 3.60 ( 0.34) 11N0V82 44.17 ( 7.41) 0.00 ( 100EC82 20.54) 38.42 ( 0.00 ( 31JAN83 109.34 ( 27.021 0.00 ( **U9FEB83** 116.12 ( 38.791 0.00 ( 10MAR83 2.60 ( 1.10) 0.00 11APR83 2968.54 ( 423.40) 0.00 ( 27APR83 0.47 ( 0.171 0.00 ( 11MAY83 363.11 ( 210.631 0.00 ( 31MAY83 62.24 ( 47.13) 0.00 ( 24JUN83 69.21 ( 4.581 0.00 ( 13JUL83 11.66 ( 2.81) 0.25 ( 29JUL83 196.80 ( 77.601 3.38 ( 09AUG83 4.17 ( 1.36) 0.00 (

14.46)

19.851

4.17)

1.44)

4.561

0.871

108.241

74.65 (

77.67 (

52.69 (

2.24 (

14.56 (

2.53 (

169.69 (

26AUG83

12SEP83

**030CT83** 

13UCT83

**280CT83** 

1800483

16DEC83

0.84 (

8.83 (

0.66 (

0.61 (

0.00 (

C. 00 (

0.00 (

0.26)

3.591

0.271

0.261

)

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# MOLLUSCS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 5 MEAN OF 4 153 MICRON OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

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DATE	A	AT I	ļ				
	Biva	ı,	/es	Oyst	ter	s	
0/44000	2.20			0.00		•	
04MAR82	0.29		0.03)	0.00		. )	
26MAR82	0.42		0.15)		(	0.02)	
29APR82		(	69.411	0.00	(	• )	
23MAY82	391.25	(	129.371	0.00	(	• )	
29MAY82	129.24	(	38.621	0.00	(	• )	
11JUN82	20.02	(	3.691	0.00	(	• )	
22JUN82	26.75	(	6.89)	0.00	(	• )	
12JUL82	114.38	(	44.77)	24.87	(	16.53)	
30JUL 82	130.10	(	62.581	19.45	(	10.94)	
06AUG82	28.96	(	12.06)	2.42	l	1.10)	
18AUG82	59.96	(	22.921	5.51	(	0.70)	
31AUG82	71.63	(	17.63)		(	1.59)	
17SEP82	95.03	(	13.03)	4.06	(	0.861	
23SEP82	98.52	(	21.54)	13.94	(	6.81)	
06UCT82	74.49	(	15.371	5.41	(	3.451	
14UCT82	70.46	(	17.86)	12.61	(	12.49)	
280CT82	9.16	(	1.69)	0.00	(	• )	
12NOV82		(	3.171	0.00	(	• 1	
09DEC82	4.00	(	1.00)	0.00	(	• )	
18JAN83	5.55	(	1.46)	0.00	(	• )	
07FEB83	60.60	(	7.571	0.00	(	• )	
10MAR83	3.46	(	1.21)	0.00	(	• )	
11APR83	792.73	(	175.451	0.00	(	. )	
29APR83	2.51	(	2.18)	0.00	(	• )	
26MAY83	0.80	(	0.28)	0.00	(	• )	
30MAY83	0.78	(	0.40)	C.00	(	• )	
21JUN83	104.19	(	38.53)	0.00	(	. )	
12JUL83	731.91	(	616.28)	205.98	(	164.72)	
29JUL83	83.56	(	19.30)	21.51	(	5.61)	
12AUG83	23.15	(	6.77)	11.69	(	2.41)	
25AUG83	84.19	(	20.691	1.57	(	0.891	
13SEP83	21.26	(	14.10)	2.16	(	0.751	
26SEP83	4.20	(	0.451	0.39	(	0.261	
14UCT83	50.65	l	31.53)	C.00	(	. )	
2800183	1.46	(	0.731	0.00	(	. )	
23NOV83	0.59	l	0.391	0.00	(	. )	
16UEC83		(	0.19)	C.00	(	. )	

MOLLUSCS
SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 6
MEAN OF 4 153 MICRON OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

DATE AII Bivalves Oysters 05MAR82 0.06 ( 0.031 0.00 ( **26MAR82** 0.30 ( 0.271 0.00 ( 29APR82 0.00 ( 27.92 ( 13.38) 0.00 ( 29MAY82 207.55 ( 69.911 11JUN82 3.77 ( 1.501 0.00 ( **22JUN82** 10.26 ( 8.45) 0.07 ( 0.071 12JUL82 48.52 ( 9.241 17.78 5.241 31JUL82 150.27 ( 34.561 65.05 20.18) 06AUG82 28.73 ( 3.861 5.641 18.66 19AUG82 129.03 ( 22.431 34.75 ( 15.631 31AUG82 899.54 ( 831.421 31.45 ( 2.121 20SEP82 22.52 ( 4.84) 8.74 l 3.13) 235EP82 1.93 ( 7.91 ( 1.421 0.861 0.16) 0600182 7.38 ( 0.82 ( 2.661 140CT82 50.44 ( 7.681 0.72 ( 0.41) 28UCT82 1.60 ( 0.501 0.02 0.011 12N0V82 0.991 5.23 ( 0.01 0.01) 09DEC82 0.97) 2.14 ( 0.05 ( 0.051 18JAN83 8.82 ( 0.58) 0.00 ( . ) 07FE883 0.00 ( 0.00 ( ) 08MAR83 24.05 ( 5.781 0.06 [ 0.061 **06APR83** 0.00 ( 141.54 ( 25.84) ) 29APR83 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 1 26MAY83 2.47 ( 1.001 0.00 ( 30MAY83 1.08 ( 105.0 0.00 ( **21JUN83** 51.90 ( 4.291 0.00 ( 12JUL83 113.49 ( 27.631 93.57 27.981 ( 29JUL83 56.42 ( 14.43) 53.27 ( 14.51) 12AUG83 21.31 ( 4.081 8.281 11.22 ( 25AUG83 162.91 ( 149.211 1.47 ( 0.121 78.01 ( 13SEP83 28.601 18.93 ( 7.221 265EP83 15.74 ( 4.951 2.46 ( 0.641 14UCT83 4.22 ( 1.84) C. 00 ( ) **260CT83** 0.491 0.00 ( ) 2.37 ( 23N0V83 0.041 0.00 ( ) 0.33 ( 16DEC83 0.20 ( 0.201 0.00 (

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# MOLLUSCS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 7 MEAN OF 4 153 MICRON OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

DATE	Ali	]				
	Bival		Oyst	er	s	
			•			
U5MAR82	0.12 (	0.02)	<b>C.</b> 00	(	. )	
29APR82	7.60 (	6.15)	0.02	(	0.021	
23MAY82	60.74 (	21.89)	0.00	(	. )	
29MAY82	3.55 (	1.48)	0.00	(	. )	`
15JUN82	2.10 (	1.251	0.00	{	. )	
22JUN82	1.21 (	0.21)	0.00	{	. )	
13JUL82	43.03 (	23.43)	19.17	(	12.05)	
31 JUL 82	46.64 (	12.021	23.66	(	5.86)	
O6AUG82	55.33 (	28.83)	21.10	(	11.51)	
19AUG82	42.25 (	3.51)	10.13	(	2.621	
31AUG82	36.22 (	7.041	13.15	(	6.721	
17SEP82	17.45 (	6.921	9.55	ſ	3.901	
23SEP82	13.54 (	9.97)	7.99	(	6.81)	
060CT82	7.94 (	1.17)	0.75	(	0.07)	
14UCT82	6.27 (	3.80)	0.06	(	0.04)	
28UCT82	2.17 (	0.18)	0.00	(	. )	
12NOV82	2.99 (	1.83)	0.00	(	. 1	
09DEC82	1.31 (	0.491	0.00	ł	•. }	
L8JAN83	0.70 (	0.15)	0.00	(	. )	
07FEB83	3.52 (	2.08)	0.00	(	• )	
08MAR83	28.01 (	5.351	0.00	(	. )	
06APR83	2.48 (	0.70)	0.00	(	. )	
26MAY83	0.57 (	0.30)	0.00	(	. )	
30MAY83	0.94 (	0.261	0.00	(	. )	
21JUN83	26.61 (	15.90)	0.00	(	. )	
12JUL83	85.68 (	50.13)	62.25	(	43.41)	
29JUL83	216.47 (	163.09)	31.81	(	13.45)	
12AUG83	19.05 (	3.08)	6.18	(	0.41)	
25AUG83	17.08 (	3.25)	1.67	(	0.441	
13SEP83	148.85 (	29.321	38.85	(	13.481	
26SEP83	4.19 (	1.45)	0.70	(	0.33)	
14UCT83	6.34 (	2.44)	0.00	(	. )	
260CT83	2.40 (	0.68)	C.00	(	• )	
23NOV83	0.50 (	0.32)	C.00	(	• )	
16DEC83	0.39 (	0.291	C.00	(	• )	

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# MOLLUSCS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 8 MEAN OF 4 153 MICRON OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

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DATE	A I 1						
·	Bivalves		Oyst	ers			
200CT82	0.00 (	. )	0.00	(	•	)	
18NOV82	614.32 ( 179	).51)	0.00	(	•	)	
30NOV82	229.65 ( 85	.84)	C.00	l	•	)	
26JAN83	55.17 ( 12	2.06)	0.00	(	•	)	
09FEB83	43.14 ( 24	.92)	0.00	(	•	)	
30MAR83	138.28 ( 26	.651	000	(	•	)	
21APR83	60.67 ( 23	1.491	0.00	(	•	)	
19MAY83	736.77 ( 180	.78)	0.00	(	•	)	
16JUN83	574.Q4 ( 54	.36)	0.00	(	•	)	
08JUL83	3558.09 ( 2069	1.69)	0.00	(	•	}	
11AUG83	121.43 ( 14	40)	0.00	(	•	)	
20SEP83	75.55 ( 13	3.521	1.89	(	0.40	))	
02NQV83	182.40 ( 60	0.531	0.00	(	•	)	
23NOV83	20.41 ( 7	7.281	0.00	(	•	3	
10DEC83	197.02 ( 70	.82)	0.00	(	•	}	

# MOLLUSCS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 9 MEAN OF 4 153 MICRON OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

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DATE

	Bivalv	es	Oysters		
30JUN82	268.48 (	248.461	0.00 (	. )	
22JUL82	0.00 (	. )	0.00 (	. )	
12AUG82	0.00 (	. ;	0.00 (	. )	
09SEP82	0.00 (	. }	0.00 (	. )	
20UCT82	0.04 (	0.04)	. 0.00 (	. )	
18NOV82	429.93 (	105.851	0.00 (	. )	
24NOV82	71.36 (	4.92)	0.00 (	. )	
30NOV82	143.66 (	32.27)	0.00 (	. • )	
22DEC82	75.00 (	10.25)	0.00 (	. )	
26JAN83	32.53 (	2.74)	0.00 (	. )	
21FEB83	198.31 (	44.39)	0.00 (	. 1	
30MAR83	102.71 (	30.131	0.00 (	. )	•
21APR83	28.09 (	15.971	0.00 (	• · )	
27APR83	27.97 (	22.661	0.00 (	. )	
19MAY83	4513.06 (	391.14)	0.00 (	. )	
16JUN83	65.38 (	11.67)	0.00 (	. )	
08JUL83	1084.64 (	477.751	0.00 (	. )	
28JUL83	1483.93 (	233.471	1.38 (	1.38)	
11AUG83	153.67 (	8.421	0.00 (	. )	
26AUG83	1156.85 (	314.99)	3.09 (	1.22)	
20SEP83	50.00 (	10.33)	5.06 (	1.65)	
03UCT83	81.17 (	9.67)	0.07 (	0.07)	
02NQV83	45.80 (	14.71)	0.00 (	. )	
18NOV83	56.41 (	20.931	0.00 (	. )	
23NDV83	25.80 (	6.391	0.00 (	. 1	
10DEC83	6.02 (	2.85)	0.00 (	• 1	
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# MOLLUSCS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 10 MEAN OF 4 153 MICRUN OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

DATE AII Bivalves Bysters 20UCT82 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 18NOV82 478.09 ( 120.241 0.00 ( 30N0V82 163.58 ( 54.991 0.00 ( 12.66 ( 5.11) 0.00 ( **26JAN83** 36.64 ( 10.61) 0.00 ( **JOMAR83** 216.76 ( 23.721 0.00 ( 21APR83 10019.61 ( 3198.93) C.00 ( 19MAY83 16JUN83 82.93 ( 38.28) 0.00 ( 08JUL83 308.53 ( 122.58) 0.00 ( 11AUG83 118.17 ( 24.391 0.00 ( 57.94 ( 7.121 2.74 ( 20SEP83

0.00 (

0.00 (

5.21)

22.501

25.66 (

101.34 (

02NOV83 11DEC83

# MOLLUSCS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION DS MEAN OF 4 153 MICRON OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

DATE	A! Bival		Oysters		
19UCT82	0.00 (	. )	0.00 (	•	)
17NOV82	14991.65 (	5390.91)	0.00 (	•	)
30NOV82	4206.17 (	1302.301	0.00 (	•	)
08FEB83	186.42 (	53.951	0.00 (	•	)
29MAR83	151.05 (	31.77)	0.00 (	•	)
23APR83	2.98 (	0.94)	0.00 (	•	)
18MAY83	17.89 (	7.16)	0.00 (	•	)
14JUN83	1342.67 (	322.10)	0.00 (	•	)
07JUL83	5120.14 (	3039.71)	0.00 (	•	)
10AUG83	388.66 (	211.56)	0.00 (	•	)
195EP83	17.85 (	1.09)	0.00 (	•	)
10DEC83	86.13 (	22.25)	0.00 (	•	•

COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS
SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 1
MEAN OF 4 353 U OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

*******	***********	*****	************	********
DATE	Callinectes	Callinectes	Cancer irror	Cancer Irror
	sp. Megalopa	sp. Zoea	atus zoea	atus Megalop
U3APR82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
30APK82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( 0.00)	14.02 ( 2.13)	0.00 ( . )
JOHAY 82	0.00 ( . )	1.02 ( 0.40)	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( 0.00)
08JUN82	0.00 ( 0.00)	16.61 ( 2.64)	0.02 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( 0.00)
21JUN82	0.00 ( . )	1.37 ( 0.66)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
12JUL82	0.00 ( . )	39.64 ( 15.43)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( , )
30JUL82	0.10 ( 0.03)	16.07 ( 3.89)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
04AUG82	0.07 ( 0.05)	127.90 ( 40.44)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
18AUG82	1.69 ( 0.39)	151.52 ( 27.46)	0.20 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )
30AUG82	0.48 ( 0.16)	181.25 ( 72.98)	0.07 ( 0.07)	0.03 ( 0.03)
165 EP 82	0.09 ( 0.05)	2.55 ( 1.49)	0.30 ( 0.24)	0.00 ( . )
245EP82	0.00 ( . )	6.39 ( 3.63)	5.05 ( 2.98)	0.00 ( . )
u7uCT82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.17 ( 0.05)	0.00 ( . )
150CT82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.77 ( 0.36)	0.00 ( . )
290CT82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.27 ( 0.04)	0.00 ( . )
11NQV82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	1.10 ( 0.24)	0.00 ( . )
10DEC82	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
21DEC82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( 0.00)	0.00 ( . )
314AN83	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
21FE883	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
10MAR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.46 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( , )
28MAR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	1.15 ( 0.25)	0.00 ( . )
11APR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	59.04 ( 9.61)	0.00 ( . )
27APR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	26.99 ( 4.11)	0.00 ( . )
LIMAY83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	5.29 ( 0.23)	0.00 ( . )
JIMAY83	0.01 ( 0.00)	0.00 ( . )	1.15 ( 0.21)	0.00 ( . )
24JUN83	0.00 ( . )	2.65 ( 1.11)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
13JUL83	0.00 ( . )	139.76 ( 60.04)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
28JUL83	0.00 ( . )	29.43 ( 8.79)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
J9AUG83	0.06 ( 0.03)	22.77 ( 9.75)	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
26AUG83	0.14 ( 0.14)	499.26 ( 30.00)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
125EP83	0.04 { 0.04}	12.63 ( 4.38)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
030CT83	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )	0.45 ( 0.16)	0.00 ( . )
130CT83	0.10 ( 0.04)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
JINOV83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.15 ( 0.12)	0.00 ( . )
1900783	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.12 ( 0.04)	0.00 ( 0.00)
11DEC83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
		3000	3002	3 · .

#### COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 2 MEAN OF 4 353 U OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

DATE	Callinectes	Callinectes	Cancer irror	Cancer irror	
	sp. Megalopa	sp. Zoea	atus zoea	atus Megalop	
6044363	0.10.4		0.07.4.0.0(1)	2 22 4	
G9MAR82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.07 ( 0.06) 0.66 ( 0.09)	0.00 ( . )	
22APR82				*	
29APR82			96.72 ( 47.19)	0.00 ( . )	
24MAY82	0.00 t	0.47 ( 0.10)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	
30MAY82	0.00 ( . )	0.39 ( 0.24)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	
0810N85	*****	8.15 ( 2.25)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	
21JUN82	0.00 ( . )	3.48 ( 1.38)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	
1230182	0.03 ( 0.03)	27.24 ( 10.01)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	
3010F85	0.06 ( 0.03)	88.69 ( 23.84)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	
JANUG82	0.02 ( 0.01)	236.64 ( 44.16)	1.92 ( 0.89)	0.01 ( 0.01)	
LOAUU82	0.00 ( . )	5.03 ( 4.84)	1.47 ( 1.17)	0.00 ( . )	
30AU382	0.01 ( 0.01)	1.37 ( 0.79)	1.24 ( 1.18)	0.00 ( . )	
165 EP 82	0.03 ( 0.02)	0.66 ( 0.31)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	
245EP82	0.06 ( 0.04)	0.23 ( 0.08)	0.53 ( 0.36)	0.00 ( . )	
J70CT82	0.03 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )	5.91 ( 1.10)	0.00 ( . )	
15UCT82	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.27 ( 0.05)	0.04 ( 0.02)	
290CT82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.79 ( 0.12)	0.00 ( . )	
11NOV82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.79 ( 0.10)	0.07 ( 0.07)	
10DEC82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.02 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )	
220EC82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.06 ( 0.06)	0.00 ( . )	
SBNALIC	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )	
U9FE380	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )	
TOWAK83	0.30 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.08 ( 0.06)	0.00 ( . )	
28MAR83	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )	0.16 ( 0.06)	0.00 ( . )	
717bx83	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	2.36 ( 0.35)	0.00 ( . )	
∠7APR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.10 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )	
11MAY83	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.91 ( 0.58)	0.00 ( . )	
1MAY83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( 0.00)	0.77 ( 0.43)	0.00 ( . )	
24JUN83	0.00 ( . )	2.42 ( 1.04)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	
13JUL83	0.00 ( . )	9.63 ( 3.82)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	
48JUL83	0.00 ( . )	167.84 ( 51.59)	0.02 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )	
U9AUG83	0.02 ( 0.02)	30.98 ( 2.05)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	
26AUG83	0.12 ( 0.06)	16.25 ( 4.41)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	
125EP83	0.29 ( 0.20)	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.13 ( 0.09)	0.00 ( . )	
28GCT83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.21 ( 0.08)	0.00( . )	
T940A83	0.00( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	
U20EC83	0.00 ( . )	0.04 ( 0.03)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	

COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS
SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 3
MEAN OF 4 353 U OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

*******	*************	************	************	***********
DATÉ	Callinectes	Callinectes	Cancer irror	Cancer irror
	sp. Megalopa	sp. Zoea	atus zoea	atus ≝egalop
22APR82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.18 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )
29APR82	0.00 ( 0.00)	0.00 ( . )	41.38 ( 5.40)	0.00 ( . )
24MAY82	0.00 ( . )	0.67 ( 0.67)	0.07 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )
S8 YA MOL	0.00( . )	0.40 ( 0.15)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
08JUN82	0.00 ( . )	0.47 ( 0.44)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
21JUN82	0.00 ( . )	0.90 ( 0.80)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
12JUL82	0.00 ( 0.00)	2.80 ( 1.09)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
26JUL02	0.03 ( 0.02)	74.57 ( 41.90)	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )
18AUG82	1.03 ( 0.62)	63.92 ( 43.75)	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)
30AUG82	1.36 ( 0.80)	4.83 ( 0.38)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
102 5 6 8 5	0.07 ( 0.04)	0.30 ( 0.19)	0.43 ( 0.39)	0.00 ( . )
245EP82	0.00 ( . )	0.14 ( 0.14)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
U7UCT82	0.07 ( 0.05)	0.00 ( . )	0.65 ( 0.32)	0.00 ( . )
1500182	0.00 ( . )	0.04 ( 0.04)	0.22 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )
11NOV82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.42 ( 0.08)	0.00 ( . )
TODEC85	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.05 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )
EBNAL1E	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.05 ( 0.03)	0.00 ( . )
21FE883	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.04 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
10MAK83	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.05 ( 0.04)	0.00 ( . )
28MAK83	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.29 ( 0.17)	0.00 ( . )
LLAPK83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	1.72 ( 0.09)	0.00( . )
47APRB3	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.64 ( 0.23)	0.00 ( . )
11may83	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.68 ( 0.14)	0.02 ( 0.02)
SBYAMIE	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.32 ( 0.09)	0.00 ( . )
24JUH83	0.00 ( . )	4.57 ( 0.55)	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )
13JUL83	0.00 ( . )	24.49 ( 1.64)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
28JUL83	G.00 ( . )	15.15 ( 1.77)	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )
U9AUG83	0.01 ( 0.01)	7.66 ( 1.73)	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )
∠6AUG83	1.16 ( 0.33)	75.44 ( 17.98)	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )
12SEP83	3.95 ( 2.95)	2.80 ( 1.48)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
U30CT83	0.00 ( . )	0.02 ( 0.02)	10.28 ( 1.67)	0.00 ( . )
13GCT83	0.03 ( 0.03)	0.00 ( . )	0.77 ( 0.49)	0.00 ( . )
280CT83	0.00( . )	0.00( . )	0.05 ( 0.05)	0.00 ( . )
29DCT83	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.07 ( 0.03)	0.00 ( . )
UZDEC83	0.00( . )	0.00( . )	0.02 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )

COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS
SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 4
MEAN OF 4 353 U OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

DATE	Callinectes	Callinectes	Cancer irror	Cancer irror
	sp. Megalopa	sp. Zoea	atus zoea	atus Megalop
22APK82	0.00 ( 0.00)	0.00( . )	0.04 ( 0.04)	0.00 ( . )
29APR82	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	7.50 ( 1.09)	0.00 ( . )
24MAY82	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.04 ( 0.04)	0.00 ( . )
30MAY82	0.00 ( . )	0.84 ( 0.31)	0.06 ( 0.06)	0.00 ( . )
28 <i>N</i> U L B O	0.00( . )	8.30 ( 2.47)	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )
21JUN82	0.01 ( 0.01)	1.78 ( 1.01)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
1210182	0.00 ( . )	13.47 ( 3.62)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
30JUL32	0.04 ( 0.04)	30.37 ( 19.14)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
U4AU582	0.23 ( 0.22)	11.31 ( 6.46)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
1840662	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.50 ( 0.29)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
282UA0c	0.00 ( . )	2.80 ( 1.42)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
165EP82	0.00 ( . )	0.60 ( 0.50)	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )
245EP82	0.00 ( . )	0.06 ( 0.06)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
J70CT82	0.02 ( 0.02)	0.00( . )	0.37 ( 0.37)	0.00 ( . )
15uCT82	0.00( . )	0.00( . )	0.02 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )
290CT82	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
1100482	0.00( . )	0.04 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
100EC82	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.03 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )
10MAR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.12 ( 0.12)	0.00 ( . )
11APR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.16 ( 0.08)	0.00 ( . )
27APR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.09 ( 0.06)	0.00 ( . )
L1MAY83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
JLEAY83	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )	1.27 ( 0.44)	0.00 ( . )
24JUN83	0.00 ( . )	0.72 ( 0.12)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
131UL83	0.00( . )	16.52 ( 1.82)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
<b>68JUL9</b> 3	0.00( . )	15.18 ( 8.34)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
U9AUG83	0.00 ( . )	63.62 ( 1.70)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
26AUG83	0.77 ( 0.55)	7.96 ( 5.15)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
12SEP83	0.00 ( . )	0.12 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
U3UCT83	0.00( . )	0.00( . )	0.75 ( 0.67)	0.00 ( . )
1366783	0.03 ( 0.03)	0.00( . )	0.14 ( 0.05)	0.00 ( . )
280CT83	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.03 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )

COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS
SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 5
MEAN OF 4 353 U OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

#### Cancer irror DATE Callinectes Callinectes Cancer irror sp. Megalopa sp. Zoea atus zoea atus Megalop 23MAY82 0.00 ( 0.03 ( 0.03) 0.22 ( 0.22) 0.00 ( 29MAY82 0.00 ( 0.02 ( 0.021 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 12JUL82 0.00 ( 0.91 ( 0.35) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.01) 0.00 ( 30JUL82 0.02 ( 0.73 ( 0.331 0.00 ( ) 2.56 ( U6AUG82 0.04 ( 0.02) 1.50) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 18AUG82 0.06 ( 0.021 0.14 ( 0.08) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.40 ( 0.00 ( ) 31AUG82 0.23 ( 0.131 0.231 0.00 ( 175EP82 0.17 ( 0.061 0.10) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.03) 23SEP82 0.07 ( 0.04) 0.00 ( . ) 0.03 ( 0.00 ( 0.01) 0.01 ( **466CT82** 0.02 ( 0.01) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 14uCT82 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.01 ( 0.01) 0.00 ( • 28uCT82 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.16 ( 0.14) 0.00 ( 1 12NOV82 0.00 ( 0.01 ( 0.01) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.01 ( 0.00 ( £8JAN83 0.00 ( 0.01) 0.01) **U7FEB83** 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.03 ( 0.00 ( 11APR83 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.31 ( 0.15) 0.02 ( 0.021 29APR83 0.00 ( 0.01 ( 0.00 ( 0.01) 0.00 ( 26MAY83 0.00 ( 0.00 ( ) 0.07 ( 0.04) 0.00 ( **EBYANOE** 0.00 ( ) 0.02 ( 0.01) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 21JUN83 0.00 ( 0.21 ( 0.21) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 2.40 ( 12JUL83 0.00 ( 1.86) 0.00 ( } 0.00 ( 29JUL83 0.02 ( 0.02) 1.73 ( 0.621 0.00 ( 1 0.00 ( 12AUJ83 0.01 ( 0.01) 0.01 ( 0.01) 0.00 ( . ) 0.00 ( 25AUG83 0.25 ( 0.071 3.10 ( 1.72) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 135EP83 0.20 ( 0.071 0.34 ( 0.12) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 265EP83 0.04 ( 0.02) 0.28 ( 0.17) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( LOUCT83 0.02 ( 0.02) 0.00 ( 0.04 ( 0.04) 0.00 (

COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS
SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 6
MEAN OF 4 353 U OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

DATE	Callinectes	Callinectes	Cancer irror	Cancer irror
	sp. Megalopa	sp. Zoea	atus zoea	atus Megalop
29MAY82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( 0.00)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
11JUN82	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
22JUN82	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.06 ( 0.06)	0.00 ( . )
12JUL82	0.00 ( . )	0.27 ( 0.10)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
31JUL82	0.02 ( 0.01)	0.16 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
06AUG82	0.00 ( . )	1.04 ( 0.49)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
JIAUG82	0.27 ( 0.24)	0.08 ( 0.08)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
20SEP82	0.10 ( 0.06)	0.66 ( 0.38)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
23SEP82	0.00 ( . )	0.45 ( 0.44)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
C60CT82	0.02 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
1400182	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )
12NGV82	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.02 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
J6APR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.08 ( 0.08)	0.00 ( . )
20MAY83	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
29JUL83	0.00 ( . )	0.44 ( 0.31)	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )
12AUG83	0.00 ( . )	0.68 ( 0.39)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
25AUG83	0.12 ( 0.06)	0.63 ( 0.63)	0.92 ( 0.39)	0.00 ( . )
13SEP83	1.09 ( 0.32)	0.00 ( . )	0.06 ( 0.04)	0.00 ( . )
265EP83	0.04 ( 0.04)	0.06 ( 0.03)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
140CT83	0.00 ( . )	0.03 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
260 CT83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.05 ( 0.03)	0.00 ( . )

## COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 7 MEAN OF 4 353 U OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

DATE	Callinectes	Callinectes	Cancer irror	Cancer irror
	sp. Megalopa	sp. Zoea	atus zoea	atus Megalop
29APR82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.06 ( 0.05)	0.00 ( . )
29MAY82	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
284UL22	0.00 ( . )	0.24 ( 0.24)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
13JUL82	0.00 ( . )	0.62 ( 0.33)	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )
31JUL82	0.00 ( . )	0.37 ( 0.18)	0.00( . )	0.00( . )
06AUG82	0.00 ( . )	1.97 ( 0.23)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
19AUG82	0.01 ( 0.01)	1.45 ( 0.79)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
31AUG82	0.03 ( 0.02)	0.26 ( 0.16)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
17SEP82	0.00 ( . )	0.21 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
23SEP82	0.00 ( . )	0.03 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
58T21000	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.07 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )
28LCT82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
£8XAM8u	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
U6APR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.02 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )
26MAY83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.02 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )
12JUL83	0.00 ( . )	0.31 ( 0.22)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
29JUL83	0.00 ( . )	3.00 ( 0.63)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
12AUG83	0.00 ( . )	0.52 ( 0.32)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
25AUG83	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.66 ( 0.19)	0.00 ( . )
13SEP83	0.03 ( 0.03)	0.84 ( 0.18)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
26SEP83	0.00 ( . )	0.14 ( 0.09)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
1466183	0.00 ( . )	0.07 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )

## COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 8 MEAN OF 4 353 U OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

DATE	Callinectes	Callinectes	Cancer irror	Cancer irror
	sp. Megalopa	sp. Zoea	atus zoea	atus Megalop
17MAR82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
30MAK82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.05 ( 0.05)	0.00 ( . )
22APR82	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.70 ( 0.35)	0.00 ( . )
19MAY82	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.02 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )
<b>SBAULO</b> E	0.00 ( . )	13.76 ( 9.90)	0.11 ( 0.11)	0.00 ( . )
22JUL82	0.28 ( 0.04)	26.44 ( 6.20)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
12AUG82	0.12 ( 0.05)	12.98 ( 6.93)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
U9\$ EP 82	0.37 ( 0.05)	3.27 ( 1.00)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
20GCT82	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
14NGV82	0.02 ( 0.02)	0.00 { . }	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
ESMALO2	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)
LBARMUC	0.00( . )	0.00( . )	0.49 ( 0.32)	0.00 ( . )
21APR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.28 ( 0.04)	0.00 ( . )
19may 83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.03 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )
1610/83	0.00 ( . )	11.57 ( 8.09)	0.04 ( 0.04)	0.00 ( . )
0810183	0.00( . )	74.90 ( 21.38)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
11AUG83	0.00 ( . )	133.48 ( 8.24)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
20SEP83	0.05 ( 0.02)	1.00 ( 0.20)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
UZNQV83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.34 ( 0.16)	0.00 ( . )
10DEC83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.22 ( 0.14)	0.00 ( . )

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COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS
SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 8
MEAN OF 4 353 U NEUSTON TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STO ERROR)

DATE Callinectes Callinectes Cancer Irror Cancer irror sp. Megalopa sp. Zoea atus zoea atus Megalop 0.00 ( 17MAK82 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.02 ( 0.02) ZZAPR8Z 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.03 ( 0.02) 0.00 ( 19MAY82 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.01 ( 0.01) 0.00 ( 30JUN82 0.00 ( 29.77 ( 14.29) 0.00 ( • ) 0.00 ( 1.57 ( 0.75) 22JUL82 3.51 ( 1.61) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 12AUG82 0.14 ( 0.05) 14.03 [ 2.64) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 095EP82 0.24 ( 0.56 ( 0.12) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.11) 206 CT82 0.011 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.01 ( 0.00 ( . 1 1800487 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.02 ( 0.02) 0.00 ( 30NCV82 0.021 0.00 ( 0.031 0.04 ( 0.02 ( 0.10 ( J9FE883 0.00 ( • } 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.00) 0.00 ( LBAAROL 0.00 ( 0.00 0.04) 0.00 ( 0.10 ( 0.01) LIAPK83 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.00 1 ) ) 0.02 ( L9MAY83 0.02 ( 0.01) 0.00 ( 0.09 ( 0.04) 0.00 ( • 1 . 1 -6JUN83 0.00 ( 0.68 ( 0.341 0.00 ( 0.00 ( **U8JUL83** 0.00 ( 19.26 ( 5.311 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 11AUG83 0.01 ( 0.01) 1.09 ( 0.821 0.64 ( 0.461 0.00 ( 0.01 ( 0.00 ( 20\$EP83 0.01) 0.00 ( 0.00 ( . } . ) U2N0V83 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.001 0.00 ( ) 0.00 ( 23NDV83 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.001 ) 0.00 ( . 1 100EC83 0.00 ( 0.00 ( 0.01 ( 0.01) 0.00 (

## COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 9 MEAN UF 4 353 U OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR)

*******	***********	*************	*******	************
DATE	Callinectes	Callinectes	Cancer irror	Cancer irror
	sp. Megalopa	sp. Zoea	atus zoea	atus Megalop
19MAY82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.07 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )
30JUN82	0.00 ( . )	3.11 ( 0.36)	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )
22 JUL 82	0.00( . )	317.43 (122.71)	0.07 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )
12AUG82	0.04 ( 0.04)	110.15 ( 16.60)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
09SEP82	0.19 ( 0.09)	0.18 ( 0.18)	0.23 ( 0.11)	0.00 ( . )
200CT82	0.00( . )	0.00( . )	0.25 ( 0.12)	0.00 ( . )
18N0782	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
24NOV82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.02 ( 0.01)	0.01 ( 0.01)
30NGV82	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00 ( . )
U9FEB83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.03 ( 0.02)	0.00( .)
21FE383	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.13 ( 0.05)	0.00 ( . )
FBYAMDE	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	1.96 ( 0.28)	0.00 ( . )
21APR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.08 ( 0.07)	0.00 ( . )
27APR83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.57 ( 0.16)	0.00 ( . )
19MAY83	0.00 ( . )	0.06 ( 0.03)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
EBNUL01	0.00 ( . )	2.81 ( 1.28)	0.12 ( 0.12)	0.00( . )
081NF83	0.00 ( . )	212.65 ( 58.19)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
28JUL83	0.00 ( . )	75.07 ( 26.20)	0.09 ( 0.09)	0.00 ( . )
11AUG83	0.03 ( 0.01)	273.04 ( 63.21)	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )
26AUG83	0.90 ( 0.59)	16.22 ( 3.21)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )
205EP83	0.00 ( . )	5.09 ( 1.19)	0.26 ( 0.26)	0.00 ( . )
03UCT83	0.04 ( 0.04)	0.05 ( 0.03)	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )
U2N0V83	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.07 ( 0.04)	0.02 ( . )
1800483	0.00 ( . )	0.00( . )	0.03 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )
23NOV83	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )	0.04 ( 0.03)
TOPEC83	0.00 ( . )	0.02 ( 0.02)	0.00 ( . )	0.00 ( . )

MEAN OF 4 353 U NEUSTON TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR) SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 9 COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS

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DATE	Calline sp. Meg	sctes Jalopa	Callinectes sp. Zoea	Cancer irror atus zoea	Cancer Irror atus Megalop
30M AR 82	0.00	•	0.00 (	_	0.00
19MAY82	00.0	•	0.00 (	0.02 ( 0.00)	0.00
30JUN82	00.0	•	_	0.00	0.00
22JUL82	2.47 (	1.94)	267.81 ( 93.76)	0.00	0.00
12AUG82	0.03 (	0.031	_	0.00	• 00.0
095EP82	0.98	0.311	_	0.00	0.00
20UCT 82	0.07 (	0.03)	0.00 (	0.09 ( 0.03)	0.00
30M AR 83	00.0	•	0.00 (	_	0.00
21APR83	00.0	•	0.00	0.22 ( 0.06)	0.00
L9MAY83	0.01	0.01)	0.00	_	
16JUN83	00.0	00.00	11.12 ( 0.99)	0.00.0	0.00
08JUL83	00.0	•	400.03 (178.32)	0.00	. , 00.0
11AUG83	0.46	0.28)	8.63 ( 3.19)	0.00	0.00
205EP83	00.0	•	( • ) 00°0	0.25 ( 0.15)	0.00
02NDV83	0.00	•	(00.0 ) 00.0	0.00	• 00.0

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MEAN OF 4 353 U OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR) SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 10 COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS

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CONTRACTOR STREET

DATE	Caliinec sp. Mega	ectes galopa		Callinectes sp. Zoea	inec Zoea	s e	Cancer atus z	ancer irror tus zoea		Cancer atus Me	Te g	trror galop	
17MAR82	00.0	•	_	00.00		•	00.00	00.00	=	0.00	_	•	_
22APR82	00.0	•	_	00.0		-	0.99	0.31)	~	0.00	J	•	_
19MAY82	00.0	•	_	00.0		•	1.01 (	0.20	=	00.0	_	•	-
30 J UN 82	00.0	•	_	14.96		5.711	0.05 (	0.05	=	00.0	_	•	_
26JAN83	00.0	•	_	00.0		-	0.09	0.04	~	00.00	_	•	_
09FEB83	00.0	•	_	00.0		~ •	0.11 (	0.05	=	0.00	_	•	_
30MAR83	00.0	•	_	00.0		•	0.18 (	0.12	- -	00.00	_	•	_
21APR83	00.0	•	_	00.0	_	-	8.72 (	1.97		00.0	_	•	_
19M AY 83	00.0	•	-	00.0		-	0.93 (	0.52	<b>a</b>	00.0	_	•	_
16JUN83	00.0	•	_	54.18	9	1.951	0.05	0.05	<b>.</b>	00.0	_	•	_
08JUL83	00.0	•	_	86.32	7	2.00)	00.0	•	_	00.0	J	•	_
11AUG83	00.0	•	_	64.32	7	28.581	00.0	•	~	0.00	_	•	_
20SEP83	00.0	•	_	0.04	_	0.04)	00.0	•	_	00.0	_	•	_
11DEC83	00.0	•	_	00.0		-	0.03 (	0.031	=	0.00	_	•	_

4 353 U NEUSTUN TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR) SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION 10 COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS MEAN OF

カンショー こくさいじょう こうこうじゅう こうくつこくご

****	***		***************************************	****	****	*
DATE	Callinec sp. Mega	sctes	Callinectes sp. Zoea	Cancer Irror atus zoea	Cancer Irror atus Megalop	
22APR82	9	•	0.00	34 (	•0	_
19MAY82		•	0		• 0	_
30JUN82	00.0	•	1 4.7	0.00	0.00 (	_
22 JUL 82	0.08 (	0.07)	7.50 ( 3.91)	0.00	0.00 (	_
12AUG82	0.08	0.08)	88.21 ( 28.69)	0.00	0.00 (	_
09SEP82	00.0	•	( 3.3	04 (	0.00 (	_
200CT82	0.01 (	0.01)	0.00 (	02 ( 0.	_	_
18NOV82	00.0	•	0.00	00 ( 0.	•	_
30NDV82	0.01 (	0.01)	0.00 (	20 (	•	_
30MAR83	00.0	•	0.00 (	33 ( 0.	•	_
21APR83	00.0	•	•	01 ( 0.	•0	_
19MAY83	0.01	0.01)	0	11 ( 0.	•0	_
16JUN83	00.0	-	3.31 ( 2.13)	• 00.0	0.00 (	_
08JUL83	0	•	.82 (	0.00	( • ) 00.00 (	_
11AUG83	0	•	15.47 ( 5.39)	. , 00.0	0.00 (	_
20SEP83	0	-	) 50.	• 00.0	0.00 (	_
02NOV83	•	•	0.01 ( 0.01)	0.00	0	_
19N0V83	00.0	•	0.00	0.06 ( 0.02)	0.00 (	_

MEAN OF 4 353 U OBLIQUE TOWS IN NOS PER METER CUBED (STD ERROR) COMMERCIAL CRUSTACEANS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION DS

THE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE P

Contractor Contractors ASSESSED

Sp. Meg	ectes galopa	Callinectes sp. Zoea	Cancer irror atus zoea	irror oea	Cance	r irror Megalop
00	-	) 00-0	_	0-03)	00.0	•
000			_	179-931	00.00	
. 00		0 1 60	) 99*0	0.051	000	
•	•	_	00.0	•	00.00	•
•	0.08)	7 ) 62.	0	•	00.00	•
•	0.18)	.32 (176	.0	•	00.00	•
•	0.11)		00.0	•	00.00	•
•	0.051	0.00	0.14 (	0.08)	00.00	•
	•		) 19.0 (	0.34)	0.04	0.04
0.00	•	0.0 1 40.	1 80.08 (	0.05)	00.00	•
•	•		) 0.72 (	0.16)	00.00	•
•	•	• 00.0	11.75 (	2.27)	00.00	•
•	•		136.21 (	16.13)	00.00	•
•	0.02)	•	7.88 (	2.33)	00.00	•
•	0.01)	) 60.	0.10 (	0.06)	00.00	•
•	•	_		•	00.00	•
•	•	.84 (	0.0	-	00.00	•
•	0.26)	71.52 ( 2.47	00.00	•	00.00	•
•	-	0.00	) 20.0	0.02)	00.00	•

DS SUMMARY OF TOWS AT STATION CRUSTACEANS COMMERCIAL

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

DATE	Cailine	ပ	Calline	ctes	Cancer	Irror	ance	Irror
	p. Me	galopa	sp. 20e	æ	tus z	oea	atus Me	galop
IA	00.00	•	0.00	-	0.45 (	0.16)	0.00	•
8MAY8	0	•	0	-	0	0.05)	0.00	00.0
29JUN82	0.00	0	19.23 (	0	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.0
21JUL82	8 · 9	49.151		m.	00.0	•	0.01	0.01
11AUG82	.7	4	•	~	00.0	•	00.0	00.0
U8SEP82	2.6	6.	•	0	00.0	-	00.00	•
190CT82		0	•	•	1.54 (	0.59	00.00	•
17N0V82	0.01	0	0.01	0.01)	0.09 (	0.07)	1.11 (	90.0
30NDV 82	0	•	•	•	0.22 (	0.09)	00.0	•
08FEB83	0	•	•	•	0.19 (	0.04)	00.0	•
29MAR83	0	•	•	•	1.35 (	0.80)	00.0	•
23APR83	0	•	•	-	0.02 (	0.01)	00.0	0.00
18MAY83	0	•	0.00	-	0.23 (	0.051	00.0	•
14JUN83	0	0.01)	•	_	0.01 (	0.01)	00.0	•
07JUL83	0	00.0	_	7	0	-	0	•
10AUG83	0	00.0	_	_	0	•	00.0	•
9	3.69 (	0.621	3.53 (	5	00.0	-	0	•
100FCR3	0	-	•	-				1

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and an income source and expense.